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Commission for  
Communications Regulation

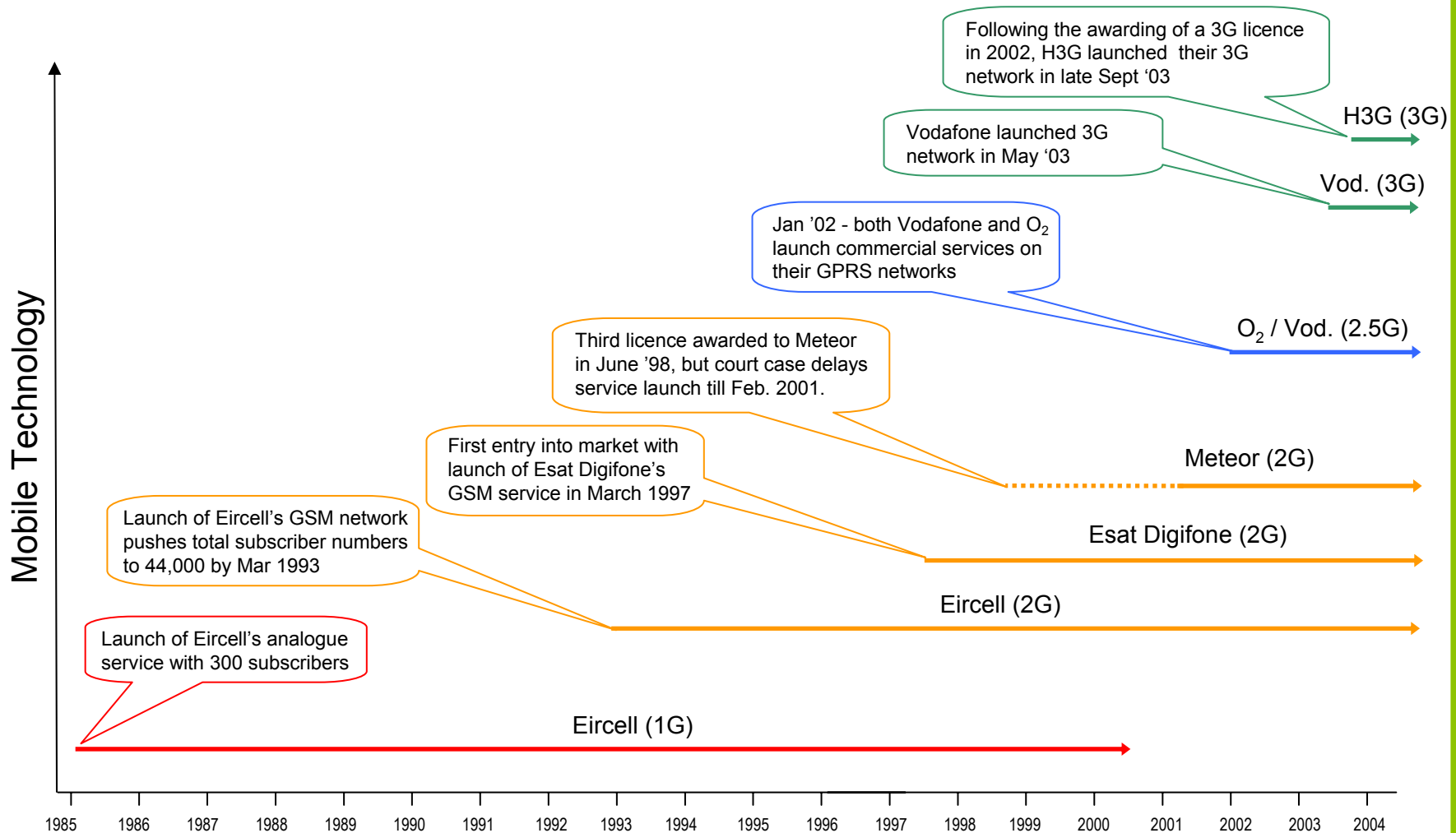
## **Presentation to Oireachtas Communications Committee**

### **Review of the Mobile Phone Market**

**ComReg Presentation**

**2<sup>nd</sup> October 2003.**

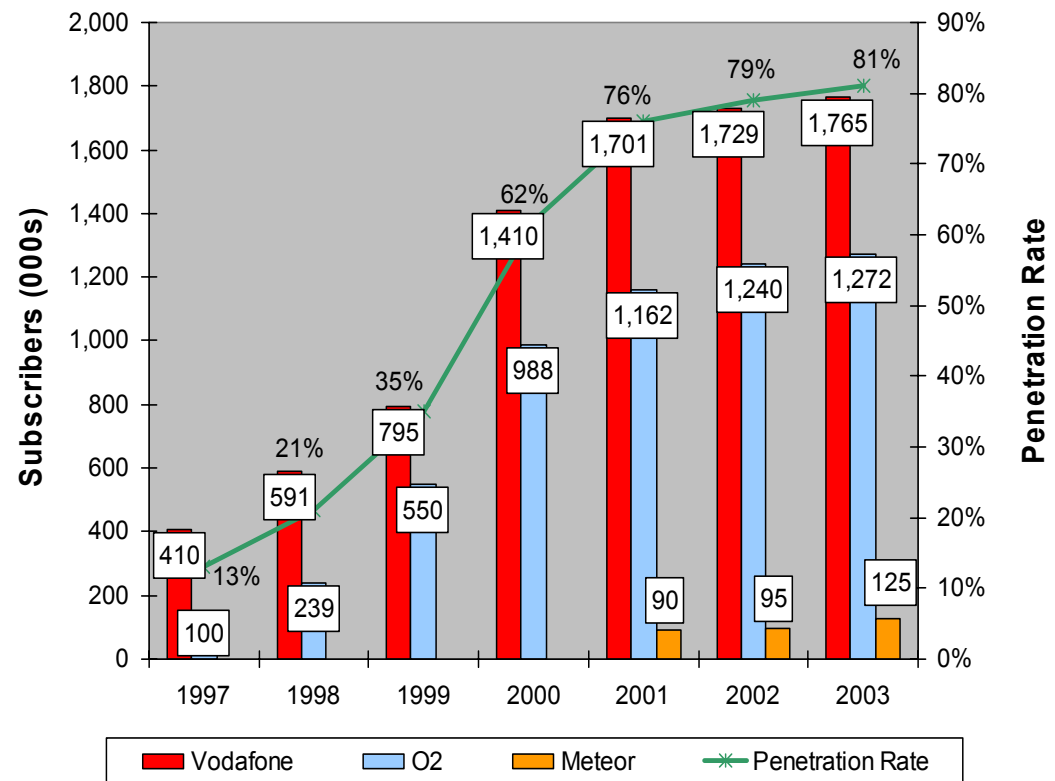
## Irish market has developed significantly with the adoption of new technologies and the entry of new players



## To date, subscriber growth has been the key driver of market development in the Irish mobile market

- Driving operators' revenues, rising penetration has been the key influence on the Irish mobile market.
- However, with subscriber growth now slowing, operators are re-adjusting their strategies to maintain revenue growth:
  1. Focusing on selling higher value premium services; and/or
  2. Looking to encourage greater use of existing services by current customer base

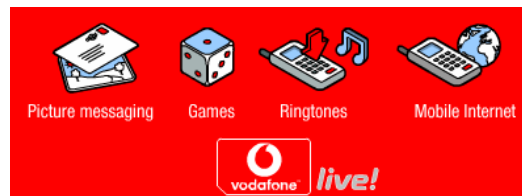
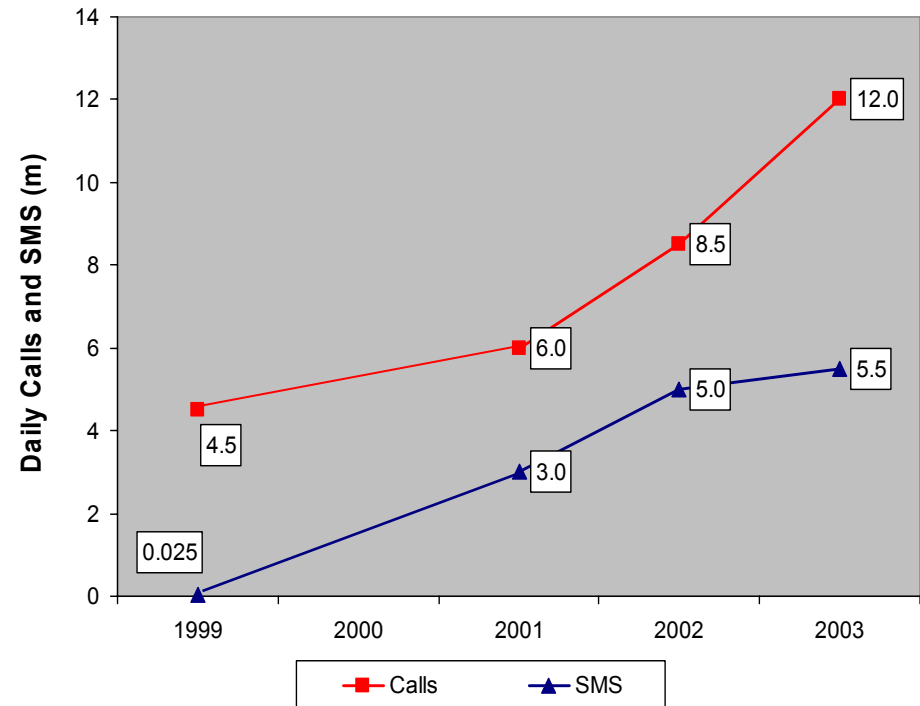
**Growth in Irish Mobile Market:  
1997 - 2003**



## Opportunities to develop higher value data services that build on success of SMS

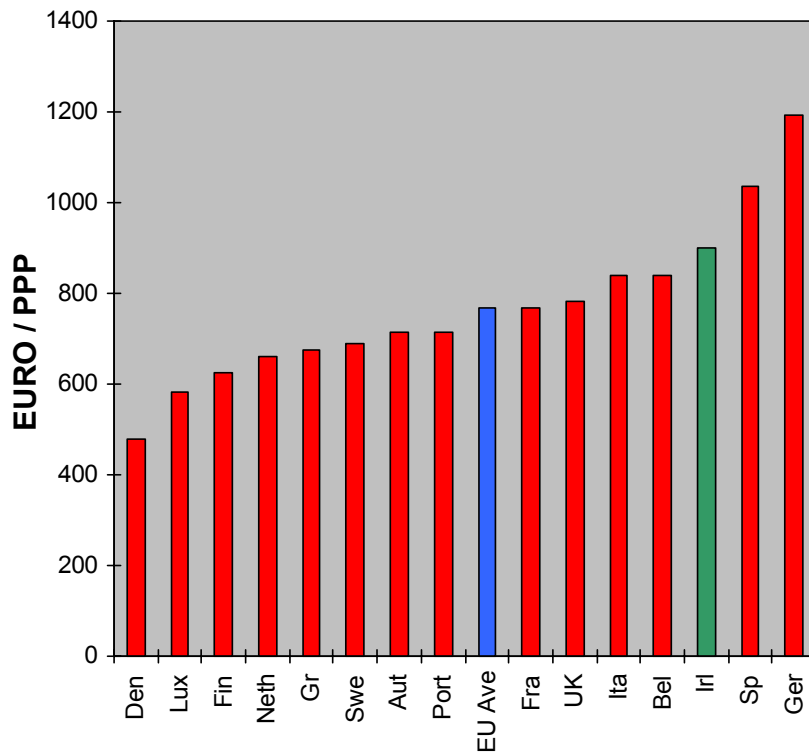
- SMS growth in Ireland has been phenomenal.
  - ▶ Average monthly SMS per user: Q1: 77 → Q2: 75.
- MMS – Interconnection can help market to grow
  - ▶ Mar. '03: Vodafone Live! 38k subs
- M-commerce - 5% have used their mobile phone to purchase a product or service.

**Growth in Average Daily Calls and SMS:**  
Vodafone's Network: 1999 - 2003

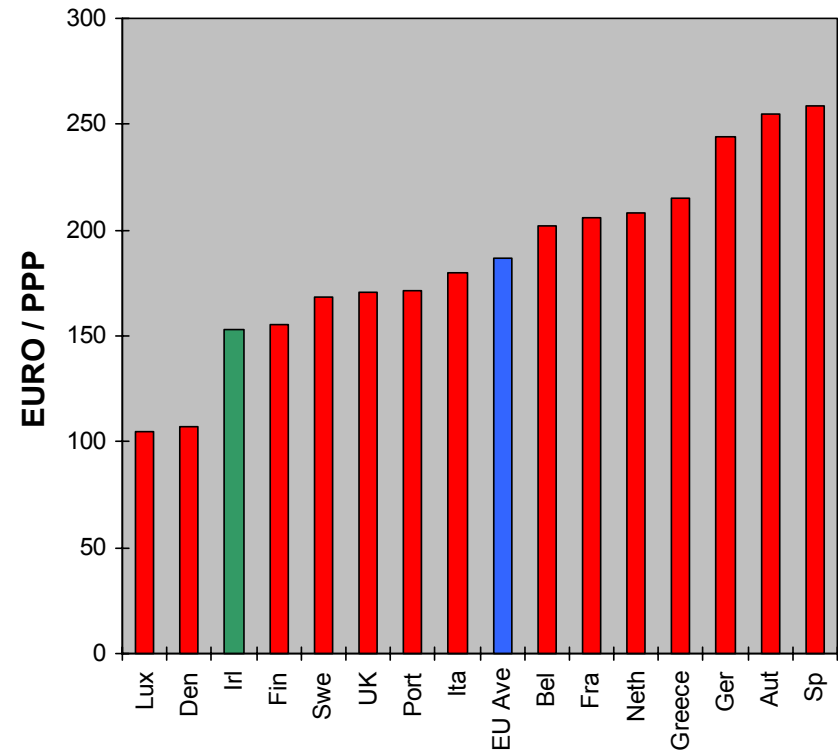


## International Price Comparisons – OECD baskets

OECD High User Post-paid Basket: Aug '03



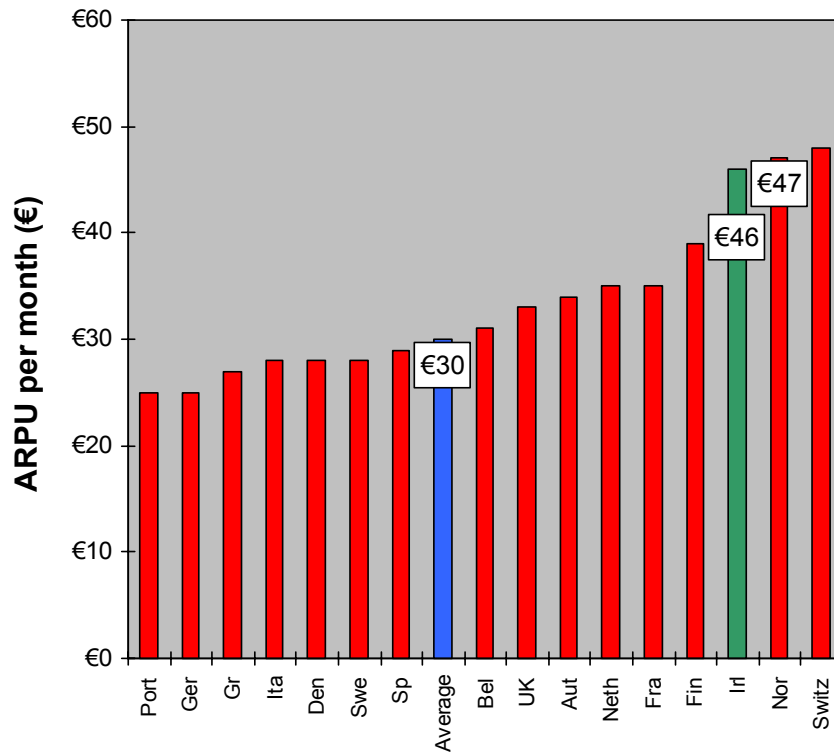
OECD Pre-paid Basket: Aug. '03



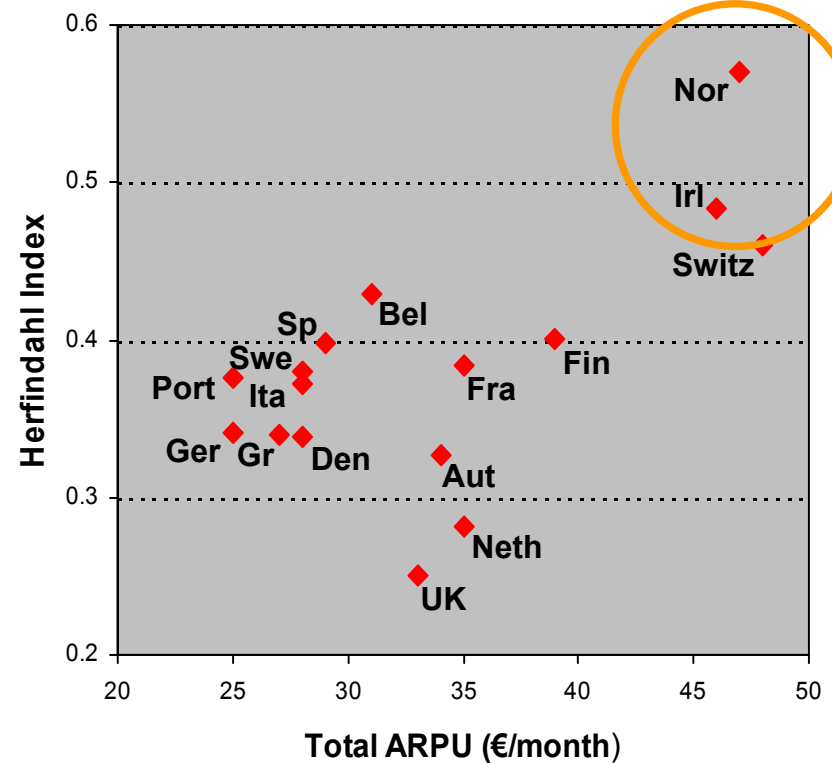
- Based on specific packages for pre-paid and post-paid respectively
- Meteor more active in prepaid market.

## ARPUs - Ireland and Norway are well above the European average

European Monthly Blended ARPUs: Q3 2003



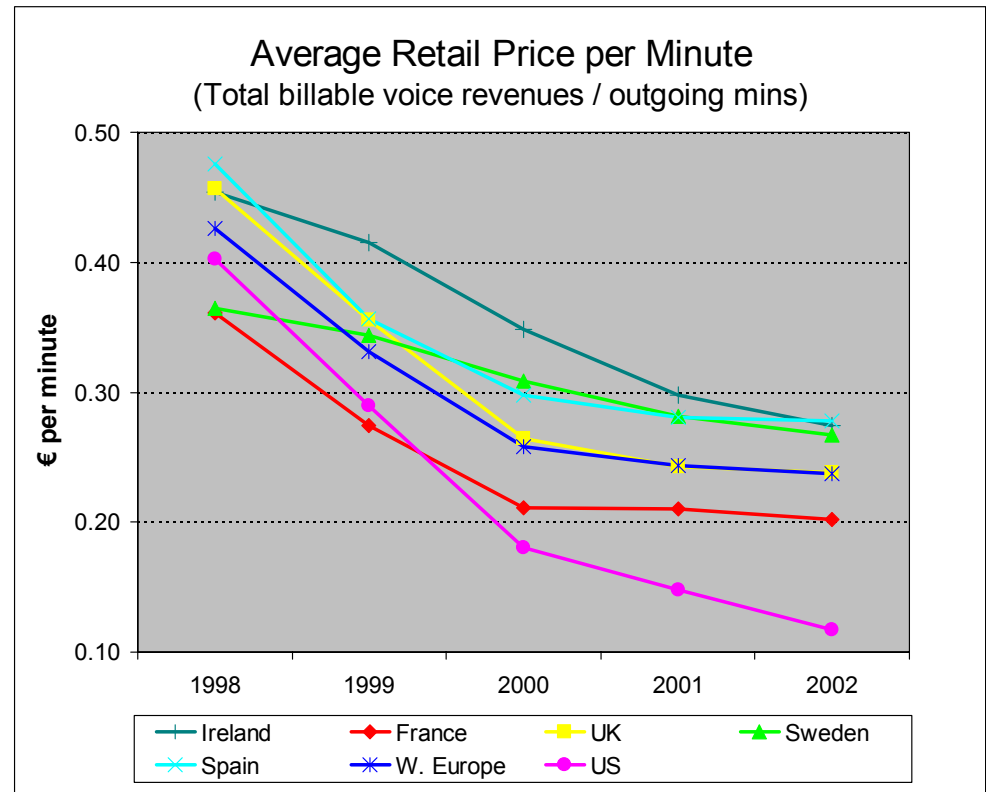
Market Concentration and ARPUs



ARPU = Average Revenues Per User

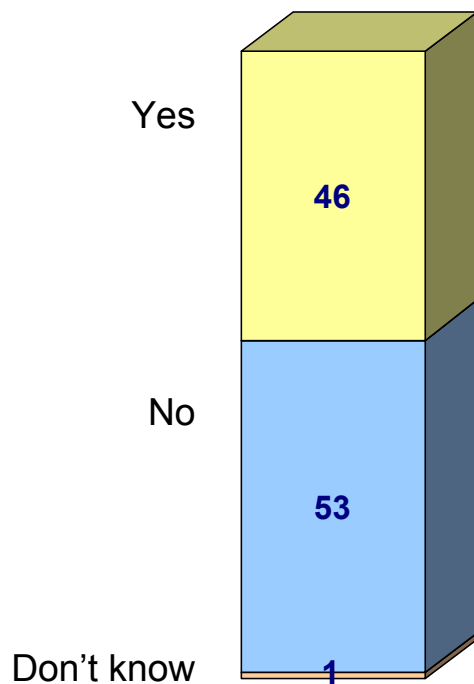
## Pricing - General trend has been downward

- Technological advances, lower per subscriber costs and increased competition have fed through to significant reductions in retail prices across most major mobile markets.
- However, unlike most other markets, Irish prices declined more slowly through the late 90s, but then continued to fall through 2000-01. This was spurred, amongst other things, by Meteor's later market entry.
- Net result → Although absolute reductions have been significant, on average Irish retail prices still remain amongst the highest internationally.

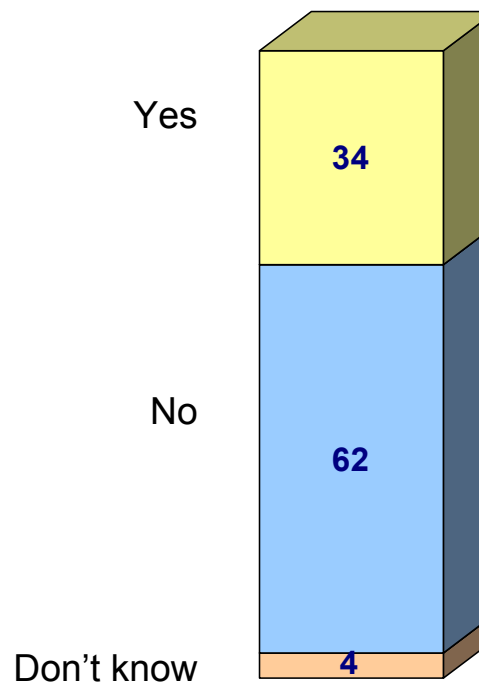


## Importance of consumer awareness

Awareness of cost difference between 'on-net' and 'off-net' calls (%)



Do you choose your operator based on the network you are most likely to call? (%)





## Roaming needs to be tackled on an international level.

- European Commission's enquiry into roaming charges is still ongoing.
- Commission identified national market for international roaming – essentially consumers from foreign jurisdictions would benefit from any regulatory action ComReg takes
- Problem needs to be co-ordinated at an EU level for Irish consumers to benefit
- ComReg/Oftel joint report on consumer awareness/international roaming costs– ComReg consumer leaflet on how to reduce cost when using their mobile abroad
- ComReg/Oftel cooperation on NI issues

### Awareness of the cost of using a mobile phone abroad (%)

I know exactly how much it costs to use my mobile abroad

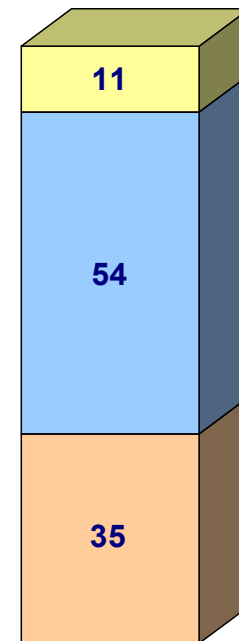
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I know roughly how much it costs to use my mobile abroad

54

I don't really know how much it costs to use my mobile abroad

35



## ComReg response to issues in mobile market

- **Influencing the Structure of Market – new entrants / 3G**
  - ▶ 2G competition one of first regulatory tasks in 1997 – Meteor entered in 2001
  - ▶ National roaming
  - ▶ 3G well-designed competition for markets
  - ▶ MVNO: Mandatory National Roaming : Fees : 80%+ population coverage: infrastructure sharing permitted
  - ▶ Mobile Number Portability introduced with new EU framework
  - ▶ Mobile Termination Rates – among lowest in W. Europe – some reductions passed on to users
  - ▶ Licence Coverage requirements checked as licences rolled out

## New Regulatory Framework requires Market Analysis using competition law principles to establish SMP

- EU Commission defined standard list of markets to be regulated. Does not include mobile retail market:
  - ▶ *“Regulatory controls on retail services should only be imposed where NRAs consider that relevant wholesale or related markets would fail to achieve the objective of ensuring effective competition”.*

**Source: USO Directive, Recital 26.**

- ComReg reviewing Irish situation at present. If an Irish mobile retail market is to be included, it is subject to a potential European Commission veto.

SMP = Significant Market Power.

## **New Regulatory Framework - Remedies available to address competition issues**

- Non-discrimination
- Transparency
- Price Control & Cost accounting obligations
- Accounting Separation
- Access to Special Network Facilities
- Inter-operability

## User Rights

- **Present position :**
  - ▶ Code of conduct on complaints/ itemised billing / disconnection policy
  - ▶ ComReg assessment of mobile quality of service to start shortly
  
- **New Framework – User Rights Directive :**
  - ▶ Outline Framework for Ireland - July 2003 - ComReg 03/86
  
- **Provides for:**
  - ▶ Code of practice for tariff transparency - Consultation in Nov. 2003
  - ▶ Direct link to tariff information from operators' home-page to price data from 31<sup>st</sup> October 2003
  - ▶ Full written information available on request from all operators
  - ▶ Update of Code of Practice for complaint handling
  - ▶ Refund and compensation policy
  - ▶ ComReg guidelines on minimum contract terms to be issued shortly

## Mobile Market

- Mobile – recent arrival on Irish scene:
  - ▶ 80%+ users
  - ▶ Voice ..... and SMS
  - ▶ 1:4 companies on mobile email
  - ▶ 5% of mobile users bought online
  - ▶ Market Analysis underway
  - ▶ Users Rights development
  - ▶ Increased international cooperation on roaming
  - ▶ And now 3G.....