Communications in the 21st Century

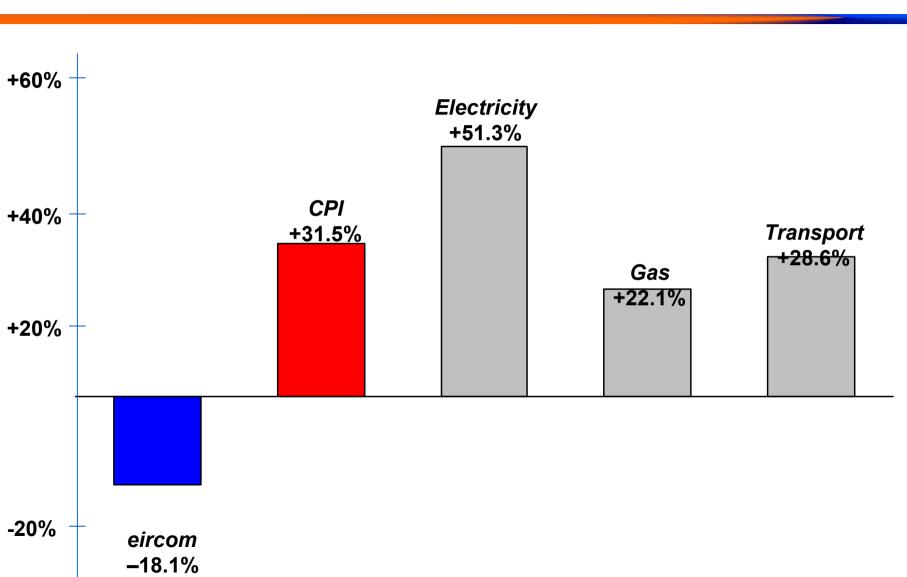
Dr Philip Nolan CEO eircom

6 October 2005



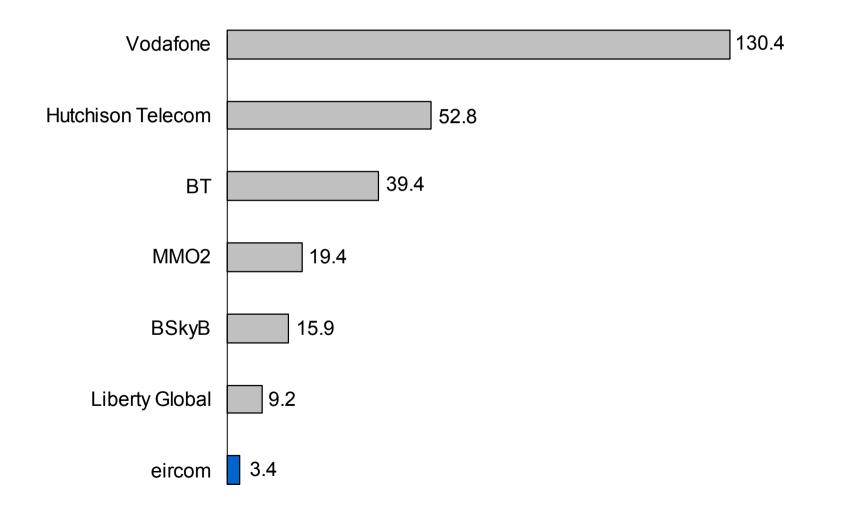
Key Price Indices – Jan 2000 to August 2005





Main Competitors in the Irish Market - Group Enterprise Values (€Bn)





The dynamic nature of the communications industry has never been so evident



Eircom

shares di

when eBa

took over

Skype, the

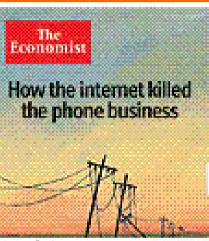
software t

threatens

wipe out traditiona

telephony

A sign of



Wireless broadband

Why wait for WiMax?

The Economist Aug 18th 2005

VoIP eats into fixed-line revenu

Sunday Business Post

25 Sept. 2005

3Mbps broadband a reality 29 Sept. 2005

Vodafone signs €10m network deal

Irish Times 5 Sept. 2005

O, evades From text to Skype, we are all answer on

> bid talk Irish Times 28 Sept. 2005

Metro signs up 1,000 Irish Independent

29 Sept. 2005

E-net deal with ESB and BT

Irish Independent 29 Sept. 2005

things to come perhaps?

part of the mobile revolution Sunday Business Post Eircom shareholders 25 Sept. 2005

back Meteor buy Irish Independent 29 Sept. 2005

Vlagnet in €90m move on consumer telecoms

Sunday Tribune 25 Sept. 2005

time has come to move beyond its fibre-to-the-home business into the 'triple play' area of internet. television and telephone services

Magnet feels the

Google plots world domination

Bubble 2.0

A spate of expensive

The Economist

Sep 22 2005

Sunday Business Post 25 Sept. 2005

Irish Broadband will raise Eur20m

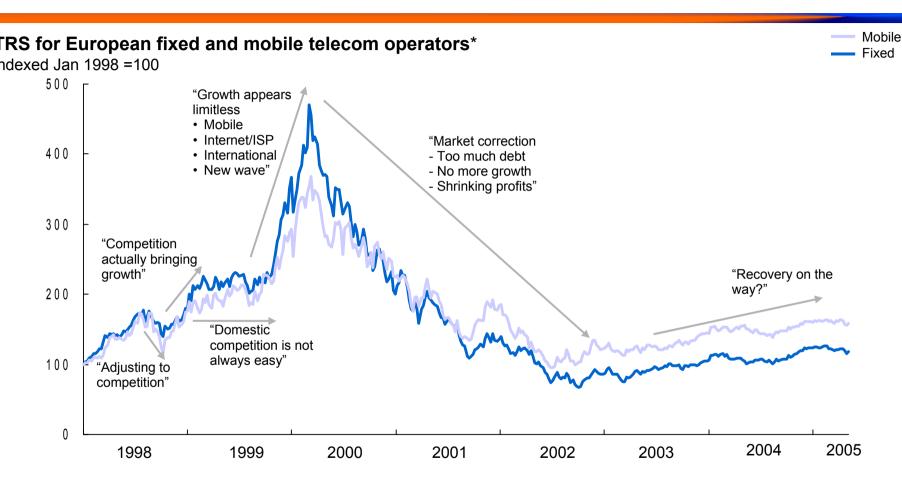
Sunday Times 5 June 2005



nternet deals is creating a sense of déjà vu

Telecom Sector Share Performance 1998-2005





Source: Datastream

^{*} Operators included in mobile synthetic index: Libertel (acquired by Vodafone and de-listed April 2003), Vodafone, Orange, Telecom Italia Mobile, Cosmote, Telefonica Moviles, Sonaecom, mmO2; Operators included in fixed synthetic index: France Telecom, Deutsche Telekom, Telefonica, Telecom Italia, TDC Denmark, Telenor, Portugal Telecom, BT, TeliaSonera

Neelie Kroes, EU Competition Commissioner - 23 September 2005



- "I am convinced that the exercise of market power must be assessed essentially on the basis of its effects on the market"
- "My philosophy on this is fairly simple. First, it is competition, not competitors, that is to be protected. Second, ultimately the aim is to avoid consumer harm."
- "I like aggressive competition including by dominant companies – and I don't care if it may hurt competitors – as long as it ultimately benefits consumers."

How will the regulatory regime allow for this future?



'We have hit a wall in our ability to regulate he industry."

lichael Powell, former Chairman FCC a statement to the Commerce, Science and Transportation committee f the US Senate in February 2004

Internet regulation

Why a light touch is best

Telecoms regulators need to treat all networks alike to ensure fair competition The Economist May 26th 2005

"Regulation is like garlic. You use it sparingly and only as much as necessary. Regulators might find themselves irrelevant as technology moved too fast to pin down, or in the position of introducing unintended economic distortions through inappropriate or obsolete rules."

James Crowe, CEO Level3 Communications

"We're living in a public policy paradox. We'le asked to focus on the speedy development of new services but at the same time are facing some profound and unexpected regulatory barriers that hamper the implementation of these new services and networks."

Kaisu Karvala, GSM Europe Chairperson

New EU Telecom Rules Are Already Out of Date

Wall Street Journal Europe 1 Dec. 2003

"We have, judging from the responses, a clear consensus that the current regulatory approach is unsustainable. That the huge mesh of comple regulation that we have today isn't effective - for competitors, for BT or, therefore, for consumers."

Ed Richards, Senior Partner, Strategy & Market Developments, Ofcom Introductory Remarks to Industry Seminar on Equality of Access

24 Feb. 2005



Stand up for the boys in green

TOTAL FOOTBALL



