

Implementation of EU Roaming Regulation by Irish Mobile Companies

28th wave of Irish and EU aggregated data (1 April 2021 to 30 September 2021)

Information Notice

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1. Introduction

- 1. This is the 28th information notice published by ComReg in relation to the implementation of EU Roaming by Irish Mobile Service providers. It spans the data collection period 1 April 2021 to 30 September 2021.
- 2. Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 717/2007, as replaced by Regulation (EU) No 531/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 June 2012, as amended, required NRAs to monitor developments in charges and to report to the European Commission every six months. Article 7(2) of that Regulation required NRAs to make up-to-date information on the application of the Regulation 7 publicly available.
- 3. BEREC (Body of European Regulators for Electronic Communications) has published guidance for the implementation of the amended legal provisions. The relevant legislative provisions and the BEREC guidance are included at section 5 of this document for information.

Publication of Data

- 4. The collection of data for monitoring purposes by National Regulatory Authorities (NRAs) is a requirement of the Roaming Regulation III, as amended¹. The Commission for Communications Regulation ("ComReg") was designated as the National Regulatory Authority for this purpose by the Minister for Communications, Energy and Natural Resources².
- 5. Individual NRAs are required "to monitor developments in wholesale and retail charges" of voice and data communications services, including SMS and MMS. BEREC coordinates the regular data collection exercise from all NRAs. BEREC's 28th International roaming benchmark data report was published on 10 March 2022³, in tandem with the associated country specific excel data report published separately.

¹ Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No 531/2012, as amended by Article 9 of Regulation (EU) No 2015/2120.

² Communications (Mobile Telephone Roaming) Regulations 2013 SI No 228 of 2013, as amended by Communications (Mobile Telephone Roaming) Regulations 2013 (Amendment) Regulations 2017, SI No 240 of 2017.

³ BoR (22) 22 – International Roaming BEREC Benchmark Data Report: April 2021 – September 2021.

2. Key Points

- 6. A comprehensive set of data was requested by all NRAs from national operators using a data collection model agreed by BEREC.
- 7. The following key points relate to data collected by ComReg from Irish operators for the periods 1 April 2021 to 30 September 2021 (Q2 2021 and Q3 2021). For comparison, the periods from 1 October 2019 to 31 March 2021 are also included in Figures 1 8 of this document.

Note: all prices displayed exclude VAT

Impact of COVID-19 on usage of roaming services

8. As a result of the Covid-19 restrictions on travelling towards the end of Q1 2020, a consequent significant reduction in international travelling continued for the two reported periods which directly affected the consumption of roaming services, (albeit the ratio of roaming subscribers has increased from the respective quarters of 2020, it remains below pre pandemic trends).⁴

Impact of Brexit on data for roaming services

9. The Brexit process should also be noted with respect to variations in Intra-EEA roaming consumption patterns. From Q4 2019 roaming traffic by UK operators were excluded. Also, from Q1 2021 all UK roaming data were excluded from the "EEA" category but included in the 'Rest of World' (RoW) category⁵.

Voice calls

- 10. Ireland's aggregated average retail price for making calls to the rest of the world (roaming outside the EU/EEA) has remained below the EU/EEA average price from Q4 2019 and for the two reported periods of Q2 2021 and Q3 2021, (Figure 1).
- 11. Ireland's aggregated average retail price for calls received from rest of the world (outside the EU/EEA) remains well below the EU/EEA average for the two reported periods of Q2 2021 and Q3 2021, (Figure 2).
- 12. Ireland's aggregated average wholesale price per minute for voice calls among Irish mobile operator's remains well below the regulated price cap from 15 June 2017 of 3.2 cents. While it was significantly lower than the EU/EEA average it increased slightly above the EU/EEA average for a number of quarters to include Q2 2021 before it then decreased and was on par with the EU/EEA average for Q3 2021, (Figure 3).

⁴ See BEREC Report Main Findings, page 7 "Intra-EEA roaming consumption patterns'.

⁵ See Figure 7 of this Information Notice.

Text Messages (SMS)

13. Ireland's aggregated average wholesale price per SMS among Irish mobile operator's remains well below the regulated price cap of 1 cent from 15 June 2017. However, it increased slightly above the EU/EEA average for a number of reported quarters before reducing in Q1 2021 to reflect parity with the EU/EEA average and it remains on par with the EU/EEA for both reported periods, (Figure 4).

Data

- 14. From 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 the wholesale price cap per GB of data was set at €3.00 or €0.0030 cent per MB of data.⁶
- 15. Ireland's aggregated average wholesale price per GB/MB of data among Irish mobile operators is below the regulated cap for Q2 2021 and Q3 2021 and is on par with the EU/EEA average for both reported periods, (Figure 5).

Retail Roaming Services

- 16. Ireland's reported data volumes for both quarters show that RLAH traffic accounts for most roaming tariffs (87.5% for Q2 2021 and 83.0% for Q3 2021) with alternative data roaming tariffs, as chosen by Irish consumers, representing 10.8% of traffic for Q2 2021 and 15.5% of traffic for Q3 2021. (Figure 6).
- 17. Ireland's reported calls made (minutes) shows that RLAH traffic accounts for most roaming tariffs (58.9%) for Q2 2021 and (62.1%) for Q3 2021 with alternative roaming tariffs, as chosen by Irish consumers, representing 40.6% of traffic for Q2 2021 and 37.6% of traffic for Q3 2021. (Figure 7).
- 18. Ireland's reported calls received (minutes) for both quarters shows that RLAH traffic accounts for most roaming tariffs (69.0% for Q2 2021 and 72.8% for Q3 2021) with alternative roaming tariffs, as chosen by Irish consumers, representing 29.0% of traffic for Q2 2021 and 25.6% of traffic for Q3 2021. (Figure 8).

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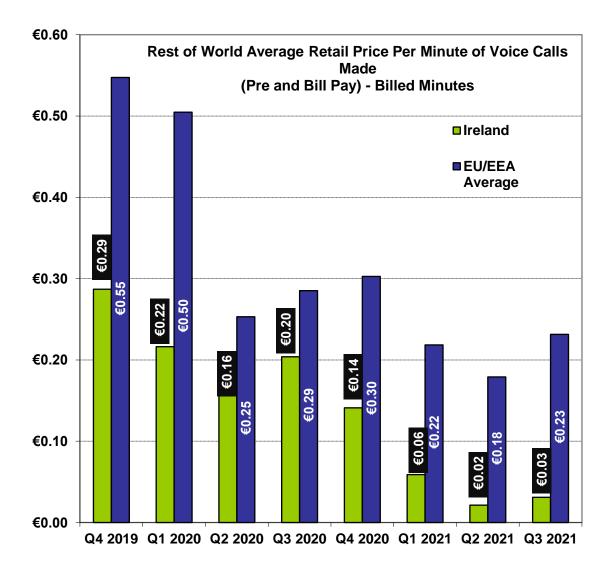
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⁶ Previously, from 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2019 the wholesale price cap per GB of data was set at €4.50 or €0.0045 cent per MB of data and from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 the wholesale price cap per GB of data was set at €3.50 or €0.0035 cent per MB of data.

3. Analysis of Irish Data

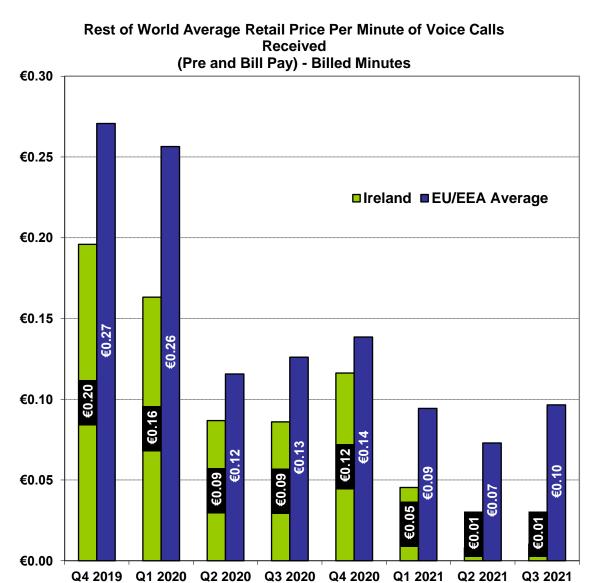
Note: All prices displayed exclude VAT.

Figure 1



Ireland's aggregated average price for making calls outside the EU/EEA (ROW) continues to be well below the EU/EEA average for Q2 2021 and Q3 2021.

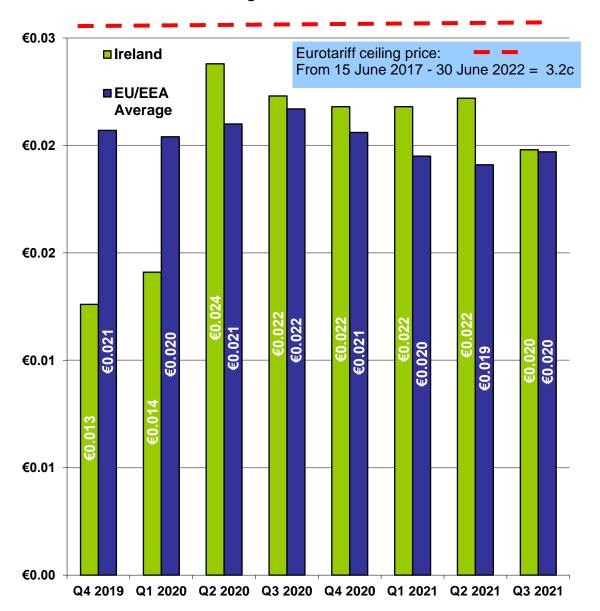
Figure 2



Ireland's aggregated average price for receiving a call outside the EU/EEA (ROW) is well below the EU/EEA average to receive a call outside the EU/EEA (ROW) for Q2 2021 and Q3 2021.

Figure 3



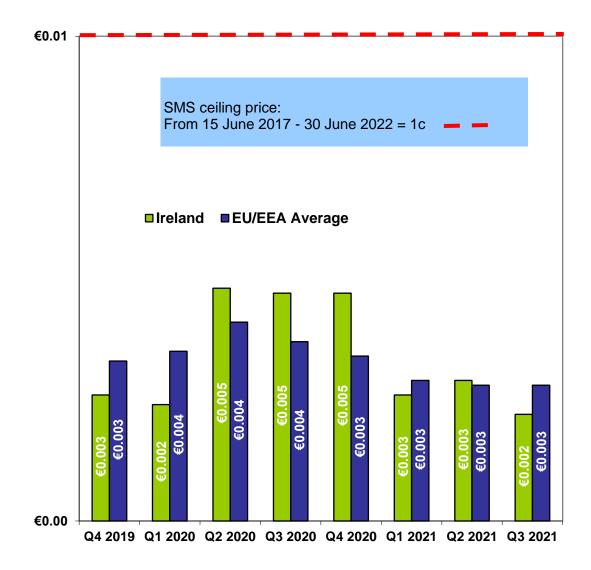


Ireland's aggregated average wholesale price per call made remains below the cap of 3.2cents per minute. Previously, while it was significantly lower than the EU/EEA average it remained slightly above the EU/EEA average for a number of quarters, including Q2 2021, before decreasing and is on par with the EU/EEA average for Q3 2021.

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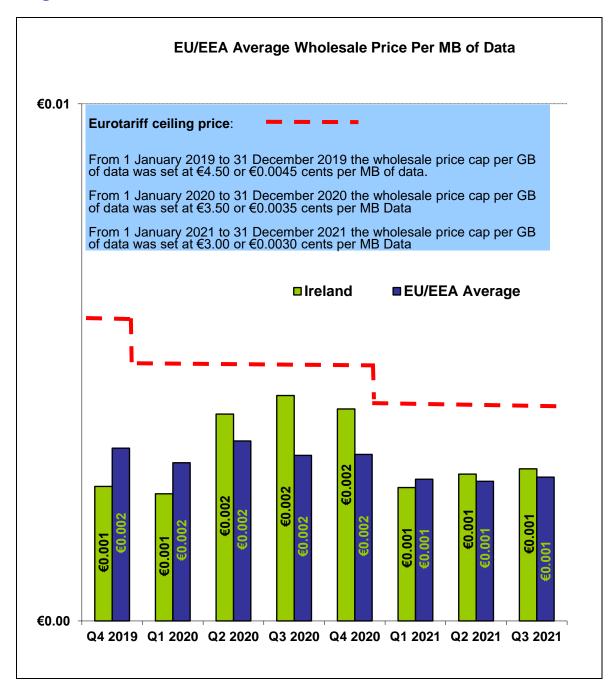
Figure 4

EU/EEA Average Wholesale Price Per SMS



Ireland's aggregated average wholesale price per SMS has been well below the price cap of 1cent over all the reported periods. It is on par with the EU/EEA average for Q2 2021 and is below the EU/EEA average for Q3 2021.

Figure 5



Following the introduction of a regulated price cap in July 2009, the average wholesale price per MB of data among Irish mobile operators has declined significantly and was well below the wholesale price cap per MB of Data for all the reported periods.

From 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2019 the wholesale price cap per GB of data was set at €4.50 or €0.0045 cents per MB of data. From 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 the wholesale price cap per GB of data was set at €3.50 or €0.0035 cents per MB of data. From 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 the wholesale price cap per GB of data was set at €3.50 or €0.0035 cents per MB of data.

Ireland's aggregated average wholesale price for both reported periods of Q2 2021 and Q3 2021 is well below the cap and is on par with the EU/EEA average.

Retail Roaming Services

Figure 6

Percentage of Retail Data Roaming Services

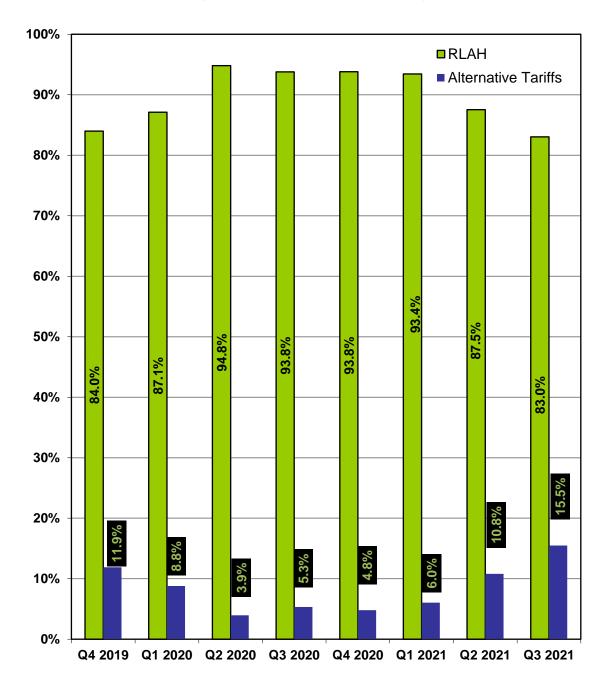
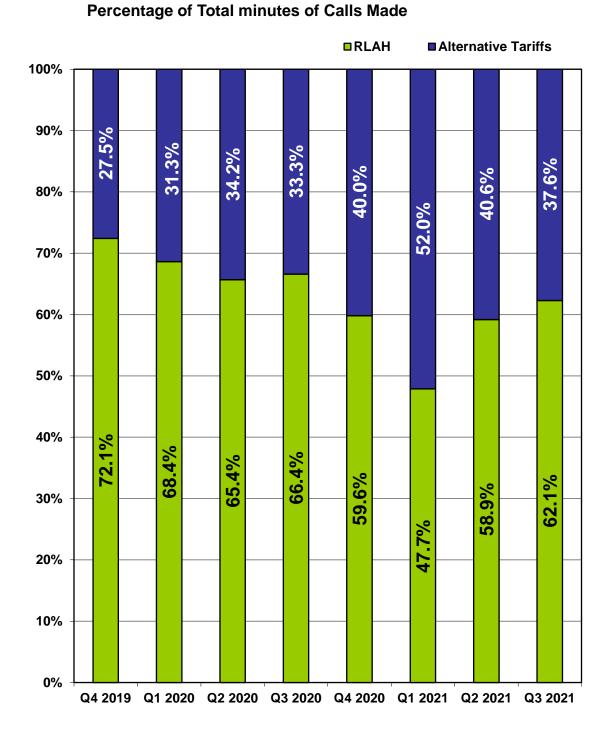
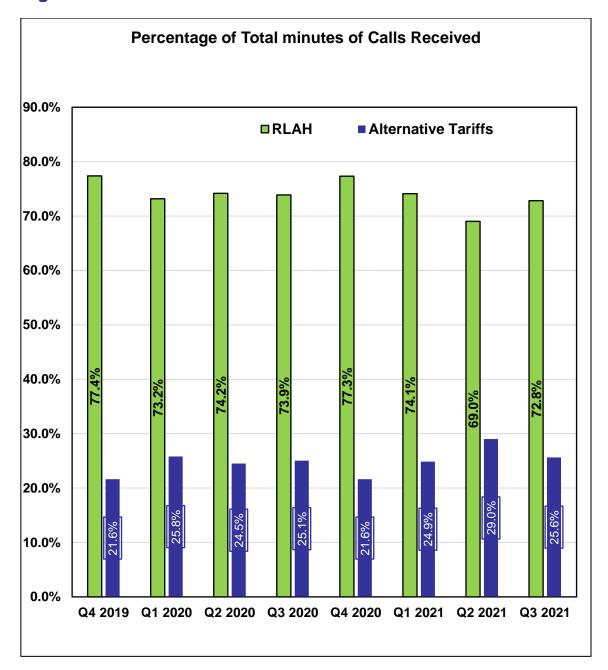


Figure 7⁷



⁷ Due to systems issues certain Irish mobile providers were unable to exclude UK data relevant to Alternative Tariffs from the EU/EEA category resulting in an inflated overall % for Alternative Tariffs for Q1 2021. The systems issues in question have been rectified for Q2 2021.

Figure 8



4. EU Regulatory Requirements

Main Provisions of Roaming Regulation III, as amended

Voice Calls

Wholesale price caps

	Wholesale voice price cap cent per min excluding VAT)					
15/6/2017 – 30/6/2022						
	<u>3.2c</u>					

SMS

Wholesale price caps

	Wholesale SMS price cap					
	(cent per min excluding VAT)					
15/6/17 – 30/6/2022						
	<u>1c</u>					

Data

Wholesale price caps

Wholesale data price caps									
(€ per GB excluding VAT)									
15/6/2017	1/1/2018	1/1/2019	1/1/2020	1/1/2021	1/1/2022				
€7.70	€6.00	€4.50	€3.50	€3.00	€2.50				

More transparency of roaming charges for consumers

- Consumers should automatically receive an SMS, pop-up window, etc when they
 are crossing borders within the EU and outside the EU to inform them of basic
 personalised pricing information (to include VAT) that they are expected to pay
 for making and receiving calls, for sending an SMS and for using mobile data.
- The personalised basic information shall include information detailing the fair use policy (FUP), if any, that the roaming customer is subject to in the EU and include any specific charges relevant to the customer's tariff scheme. The information shall also include charges which apply specifically to the customer within the EU when the FUP allowance is exceeded. Information regarding charges shall be provided by the home provider and in the currency of the home bill. A notification shall be sent to the customer when the applicable FUP allowance has been reached and shall state the regulated roaming surcharge, in addition to the

domestic charge, that will be applied for any additional consumption of regulated roaming services. Blind consumers should automatically receive the transparency message by voice call, free of charge, if requested.

- In addition, a freephone number for additional information when roaming must be provided and the 112 emergency access number must also be provided in the EU message.
- Roaming providers can offer alternative roaming tariffs as an alternative to RLAH and RLAH+.

Measures to counter data roaming bill shocks

- As of 1 July 2012, travellers' data-roaming limit will be automatically set at €50.00 (excluding VAT) when they travel outside the EU (unless they have chosen another limit higher or lower or opted out of the limit or if the visited network operator in the visited country outside the EU does not allow the roaming provider to monitor its customer usage on a real-time basis).
- Roaming providers shall send a notification to the roaming customer's mobile
 device when the data-roaming limit has been reached. The notification shall
 provide information with respect to the procedure to be followed should the
 customer wish to continue data roaming and the costs associated with each
 additional unit to be consumed.
- Should the customer opt for an offer without a cut-off limit, the customer has the right to avail of a cut-off limit within one working day of such request.

Other measures

- Roaming providers should make information available on how to avoid inadvertent roaming. Reasonable steps should be taken by operators to protect their consumers from paying roaming charges while situated in their member state.
- Roaming providers shall inform their customers, of the risk of automatic and uncontrolled data roaming connection and download. Roaming providers should provide information to their customers on how to switch off these automatic data roaming connections in order to avoid uncontrolled consumption of data roaming services.

Structural Measures

 Structural measures will be implemented to allow consumers to contract for roaming services with an alternative provider from 1 July 2014.

Fair Use Policy (FUP)

- From 15 June 2017 roaming service providers are allowed to impose a FUP on data consumption. Where data roaming consumers are subject to a FUP, if the FUP allowance is exceeded consumers will be subject to the wholesale data price caps per GB of data applicable at the time. If applicable, when the domestic data allowance is exceeded, the consumer will be charged out of bundle rates and the service provider can apply a surcharge. Where a surcharge is applied, the sum of the domestic charge and the roaming surcharge cannot exceed the applicable wholesale roaming caps.
- FUPs were introduced to protect roaming providers against consumption of excessive data roaming services. The FUP calculation is based on individual customer plans taking account of the maximum wholesale data roaming caps which are set out in Regulation (EU) 2017/920 of May 2017, which have a sliding downward scale from 15 June 2017 to 30 June 2022 and are subject to review.
- Providers are obliged to notify NRAs in relation to their FUPs.

Roam Like at Home (RLAH) - 15 June 2017

- As a general rule roaming providers are no longer allowed to apply surcharges for regulated retail roaming services in addition to the domestic price from 15 June 2017. However, exceptions apply where it can be shown by the mobile network provider that it is not economically sustainable to abolish surcharges where the costs of providing regulated retail data roaming services cannot be recovered. In such circumstances the mobile network provider must apply annually for an exemption and seek approval from the NRA for a derogation from RLAH. Where the NRA approves the application for a surcharge to be applied, the surcharge allowed is subject to the applicable maximum wholesale charges which are in place at the relevant time.
- For calls received any surcharge applied shall not exceed the weighted average of the maximum mobile termination rates set annually across the EU.
- For calls made, SMS sent and data used, any surcharge must not exceed the relevant wholesale caps which are in place.
- Fixed periodic roaming tariff packages, including per diem, are allowed which
 contain a certain volume of regulated roaming services, on condition that the
 consumption of the full amount of that volume leads to a unit price for regulated
 roaming calls made, calls received, SMS sent and data roaming services which
 does not exceed the sum of the domestic retail price and the maximum applicable
 surcharge allowed.
- Per second billing applies to calls made and calls received. Roaming providers may apply an initial minimum charging period not exceeding 30 seconds to calls made.
- Regulated data roaming shall be charged on a per-kilobyte basis, except for MMS messages, which may be charged on a per-unit basis.

5. Legal Basis

- 19. Regulation (EU) No 2017/9208 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017 amending Regulation (EU) No 531/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 June 2012, as amended, has regard to rules for wholesale roaming markets.
- 20. The Communications (Mobile Telephone Roaming) Regulations 2013 (Amendment) Regulations 2017, S.I. No. 240 of 2017, give full effect to Article 7(5) of Regulation (EU) 2015/2120 in Ireland.
- 21. Regulation (EU) No 2015/2120 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 lay down measures concerning open internet access and amended Directive 2002/22/EC on universal service and users' rights relating to electronic communications networks and services and Regulation (EU) No 531/2012 on roaming on public mobile communications networks within the Union (Roaming Regulation III, as amended)⁹.
- 22. The Communications (Mobile Telephone Roaming) Regulations 2013, S.I. No. 228 of 2013, made provision for the Commission for Communications Regulation ("ComReg") to be the national regulatory authority to carry out the functions referred to in Article 16 of the Mobile Phone Roaming Regulation (Regulation (EU) No 531/2012).
- 23. Regulation (EU) No 531/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 June 2012 (Roaming Regulation III)¹⁰ repealed Regulation (EC) No. 717/2007 (as amended by Regulation (EC) No. 544/2009) with effect from 1 July 2012.
- 24. Regulation (EC) No. 717/2007, as amended by Regulation (EC) No. 544/2009, is an EC Regulation. Accordingly, its requirements are directly applicable in all Member States. In Ireland, ComReg is the national supervisory and enforcement body for the purposes of Regulation (EC) No. 717/2007 (as amended).
- 25. Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 717/2007 requires NRAs to monitor developments in charges and to report to the European Commission every six months. Article 7(2) requires NRAs to make up-to-date information on the application of Regulation (EC) No 717/2007 publicly available.

⁸ Regulation (EU) 2017/920 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017 amending Regulation (EU) No 531/2012 as regards rules for wholesale roaming markets.

⁹ Regulation (EU) No 2015/2120 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 laying down measures concerning open internet access and amending Directive 2002/22/EC on universal service and users' rights relating to electronic communications networks and services and Regulation (EU) No 531/2012 on roaming on public mobile communications networks within the Union.

¹⁰ Regulation (EU) No 531/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 June 2012.

- 26. BEREC published guidelines on Roaming Regulation III in February 2013¹¹. The BEREC Guidelines presented an update of the former ERG Guidelines on the second Roaming Regulation and were designed to explain the Regulation and were complementary to the provisions set out in the Roaming Regulation III. The 2013 guidelines were replaced when BEREC published revised guidelines on the application of the Roaming Regulation III, as amended, on 12 February 2016¹². These revised guidelines are complementary to the provisions set out in the Roaming Regulation III, as amended.
- 27. The Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No. 1203/2012 on the separate sale of regulated retail roaming services within the European Union was published on 14 December 2012. This lays down technical rules for the separate sale of regulated retail roaming services. From 1 July 2014, domestic service providers must inform their existing roaming customers about the possibility to opt for the separate sale of roaming services.
- 28. The Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No. 2016/2286 laying down detailed rules on the application of fair use policy and on the methodology for assessing the sustainability of the abolition of retail roaming surcharges and on the application to be submitted by a roaming provider for the purposes of that assessment was published on 15 December 2016.
- 29. The 2016 guidelines were replaced when BEREC published revised guidelines on the application of the Roaming Regulation III, as amended, on 27 March 2017¹³. These revised guidelines are complementary to the provisions set out in the Roaming Regulation III, as amended and are also complementary to the BEREC Guidelines on wholesale roaming access and separate sale of services pursuant to Articles 3, 4 and 5 Roaming Regulation.
- 30. The 2012 Wholesale Roaming Guidelines were replaced when BEREC published Guidelines in June 2017¹⁴ to include changes made to the Roaming Regulation, as amended, by Regulation (EU) 2017/920 of 17 May 2017 regarding rules for wholesale roaming markets.

¹¹ BoR (13) 15 - BEREC Guidelines on the Roaming Regulation (EC) No 531/2012 (Roaming Regulation III) (Excluding articles 3, 4 and 5 on wholesale access and separate sale of services). ¹² BoR (16) 34 – International Roaming Regulation - BEREC Guidelines on Regulation (EU) No. 531/2012 as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2120/2015 (Excluding Articles 3, 4 and 5 on wholesale access and separate sale of services).

¹³ BoR (17) 56 – BEREC GUIDELINES ON Regulation (EU) No. 531/2012, as amended by Regulation (EU) 2015/2120 and Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/2286 (Retail Roaming Guidelines).

¹⁴ BoR (17) 114 – BEREC Guidelines on Regulation (EU) No 531/2012, as amended by Regulation (EU) 2015/212 and by Regulation (EU) 2017/920 (Wholesale Roaming Guidelines).