



Commission for
Communications Regulation

Implementation of EU Roaming Regulation by Irish Mobile Companies

17th wave of Irish and EU aggregated data
(1 October 2015 to 31 March 2016)

Information Notice

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1. Introduction

Background

1. The third EC Regulation on international roaming services, Regulation (EU) No. 531/2012, effective on 1 July 2012, was published on 13 June 2012¹. The main provisions of this regulation, “Roaming Regulation III” are included in section 4 of this document.
2. The Body of European Regulators for Electronic Communications (BEREC) published guidelines on Roaming Regulation III in February 2013². The BEREC Guidelines on the Roaming Regulation III present an update of the former ERG Guidelines on the second Roaming Regulation, are designed to explain the Regulation and are complementary to the provisions set out in the Regulations.
3. The Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No. 1203/2012 on the separate sale of regulated retail roaming services within the European Union was published on 14 December 2012. This lays down technical rules for the separate sale of regulated retail roaming services. From 1 July 2014, domestic service providers must inform their existing roaming customers about the possibility to opt for the separate sale of roaming services.

Publication of Data

4. The collection of data for monitoring purposes by National Regulatory Authorities (NRAs) is a requirement of the EU roaming regulations³. The Commission for Communications Regulation (“ComReg”) was designated as the National Regulatory Authority for this purpose by the Minister for Communications, Energy and Natural Resources⁴.
5. Individual NRAs are required “*to monitor developments in wholesale and retail charges*” for voice calls, SMS and data charges. BEREC coordinates the regular data collection exercise from all NRAs. BEREC’s 17th International data roaming report was published on 23 September 2016⁵.
6. This is the 17th information notice published by ComReg in relation to roaming. It spans the data collection period 1 October 2015 to 31 March 2016. Data from previous periods are included for comparative purposes.

¹ Regulation (EU) No 531/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 June 2012.

² BoR (13) 15 - BEREC Guidelines on the Roaming Regulation (EC) No 531/2012 (Roaming Regulation III) (Excluding articles 3, 4 and 5 on wholesale access and separate sale of services).

³ Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No 531/2012.

⁴ [Communications \(Mobile Telephone Roaming\) Regulations 2013](#), S.I. No. 228 of 2013.

⁵ BoR (16) 160 – International Roaming BEREC Benchmark Data Report: October 2015 – March 2016.

2. Key Points

7. A comprehensive set of data was requested by all NRAs from national operators. The following key points relate to the data collected by ComReg from Irish operators for the periods 1 October 2015 to 31 March 2016 (Q4 2015 and Q1 2016). For comparison, the periods from 1 April 2014 to 30 September 2015 are also included in Figures 1 - 11 of this document. Figure 12 provides information on retail data volumes spanning Q1 2008 to Q1 2016.

Note: all prices displayed exclude VAT and are rounded to two decimal places

Voice calls

8. Irish average retail roaming prices⁶ for calls made and received continue to indicate compliance with the regulatory price ceilings, and while the prices for calls received remained below the EU/EEA average, prices for calls made were slightly above the EU/EEA average in the period from Q2 2014 – Q1 2016, (Figures 1 and 2).
9. Ireland's average price for making calls to the rest of the world (while outside the EU/EEA) has been lower than the EU/EEA average over all of the reported periods up to Q2 2015 and Ireland's average price was slightly more expensive than the EU/EEA average for Q3 2015 and Q4 2015, but Ireland's average price was noticeably more expensive in Q1 2016 (Figure 3). However, Ireland's average price for calls received from rest of the world (while outside the EU/EEA) continued to decrease, from a high in Q4 2014, until Q4 2015. It increased again above the EU/EEA average for calls received in Q1 2016, (Figure 4).
10. The surcharge for Ireland's billed prices for retail "Eurotariff"⁷ calls made has decreased slightly (from a high of 11.6% in Q2 2015 to 11.0% in Q3 2015) before decreasing substantially for the period of this report but it remains above the EU/EEA average (5.5% in Q1 2016), (Figure 10). This is a reflection of the billing practice provided for by the Regulation for calls made.⁸ The fluctuation is attributed to the volume of calls made with duration of less than 30 seconds.

⁶ All retail prices reflect the charges applied to Irish consumers while using roaming services.

⁷ This is any tariff not exceeding the maximum charge provided for in Article 8 of the Roaming Regulation (Retail charges for regulated roaming calls), which a roaming provider may levy for the provision of regulated roaming calls.

⁸ Article 8 of the Regulation refers. While the Regulation allows for per second billing for calls received, an initial 30 seconds charge is incurred for calls made irrespective of duration. Per second billing applies thereafter for calls made. Data received from Irish operators indicates that a substantial number of calls made with their networks are less than 30 seconds which, compared to the EU/EEA average, results in a higher disparity between the prices that one would pay for actual calls compared to their billed calls.

Text Messages (SMS)

11. The average retail price, during the reported period, for sending a text message was slightly above the EU/EEA average price for the period of this report but it is below the regulated cap of 6 cents, (Figure 5).

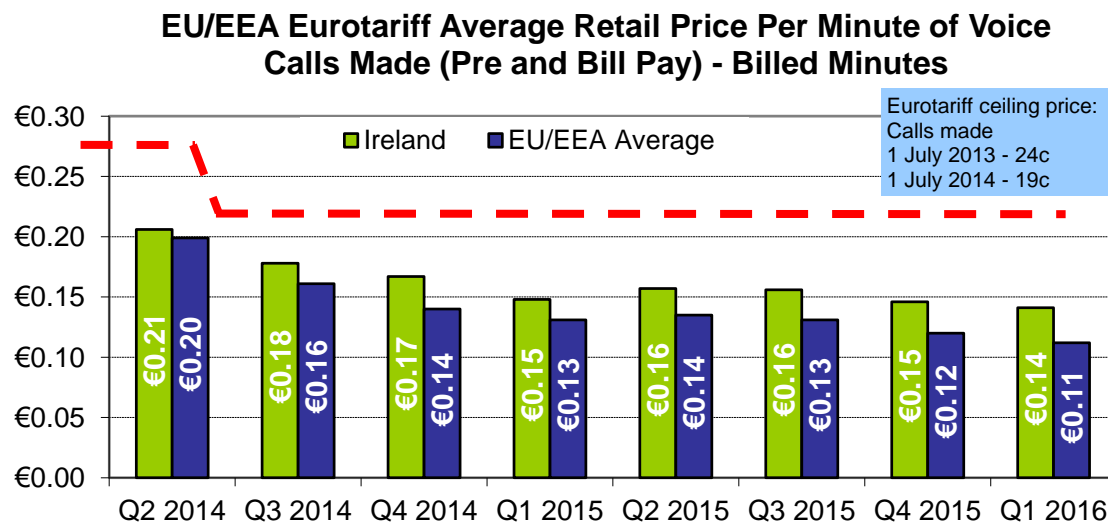
Data

12. Following the reduction of the regulated price cap in July 2013 to 45 cents and the further reduction of the regulated price cap in July 2014 to 20 cents, Ireland's average Eurotariff retail data prices (€0.03 in Q4 2015 and Q1 2016) remain lower than the EU/EEA average (€0.05 in Q1 2016), (Figure 6).
13. Volumes of retail data traffic have grown strongly over the reported periods. Volumes for Ireland increased by 66% from Q1 2015 to Q1 2016, (Figure 12).
14. Ireland's average aggregate wholesale price per MB of data among non-group companies remains below the regulated price cap of 5 cents and was slightly below the EU/EEA average for the period of this report, (Figure 9).

3. Analysis of Irish Data

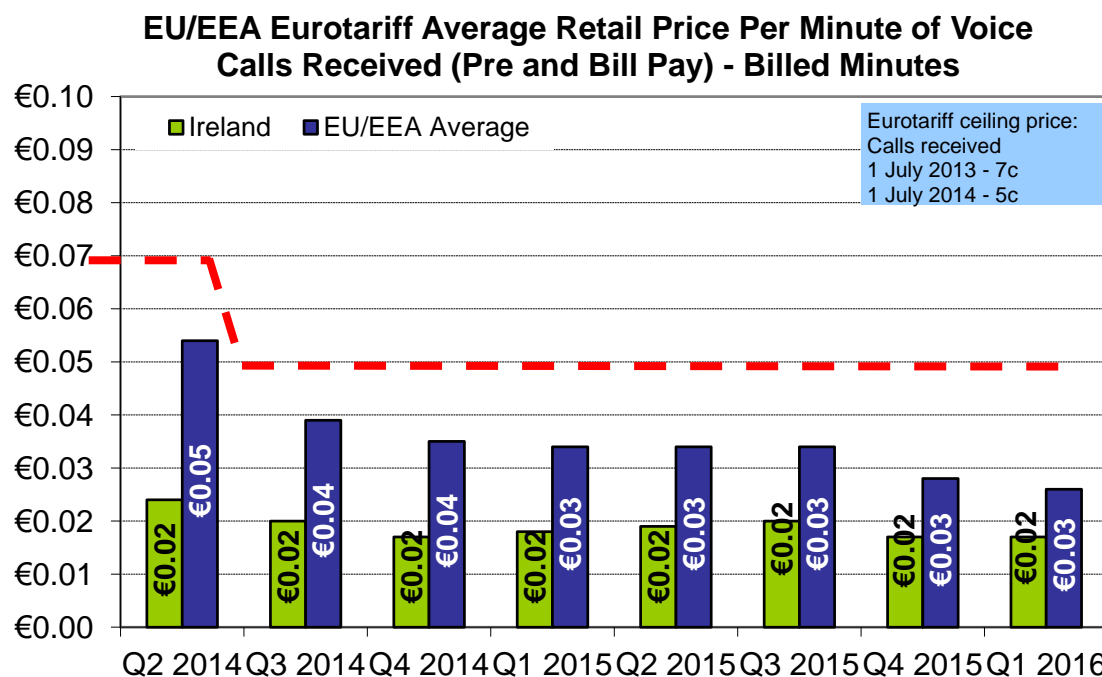
Note: All prices displayed exclude VAT and are rounded to two decimal places.

Figure 1



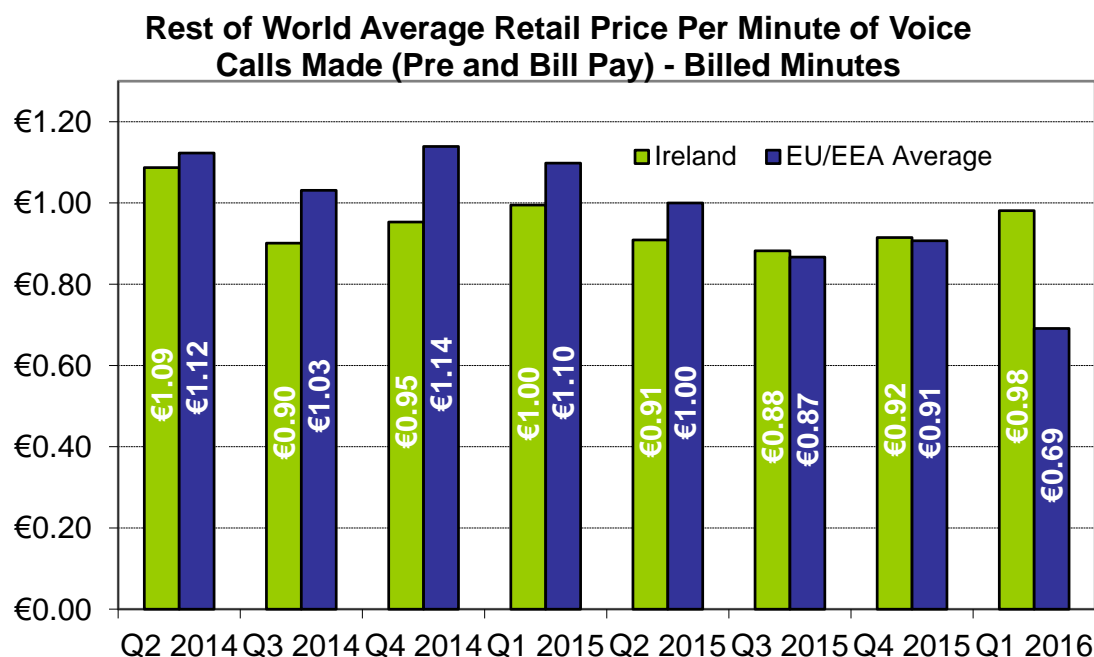
Ireland's "Eurotariff" for calls made continue to remain below the regulated tariff. However, these prices are above the EU/EEA average since Q2 2014.

Figure 2



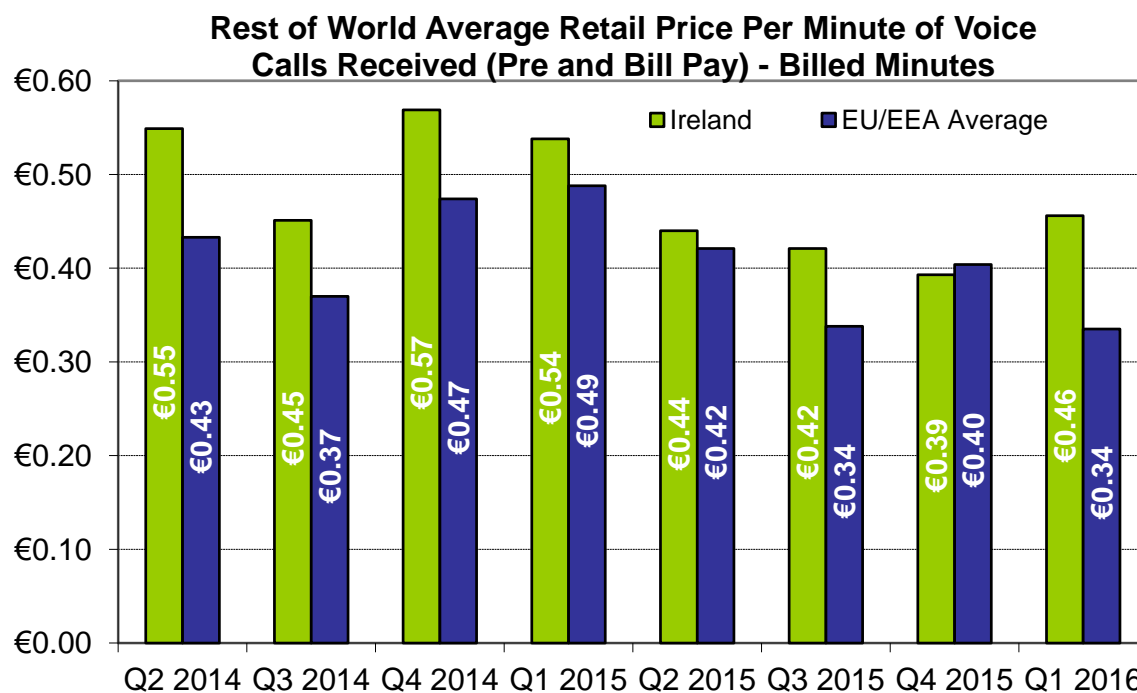
Ireland's "Eurotariff" for calls received are below the regulated tariff and the EU/EEA average price. This is, in part, a reflection of favourable price tariffs in some of these countries.

Figure 3



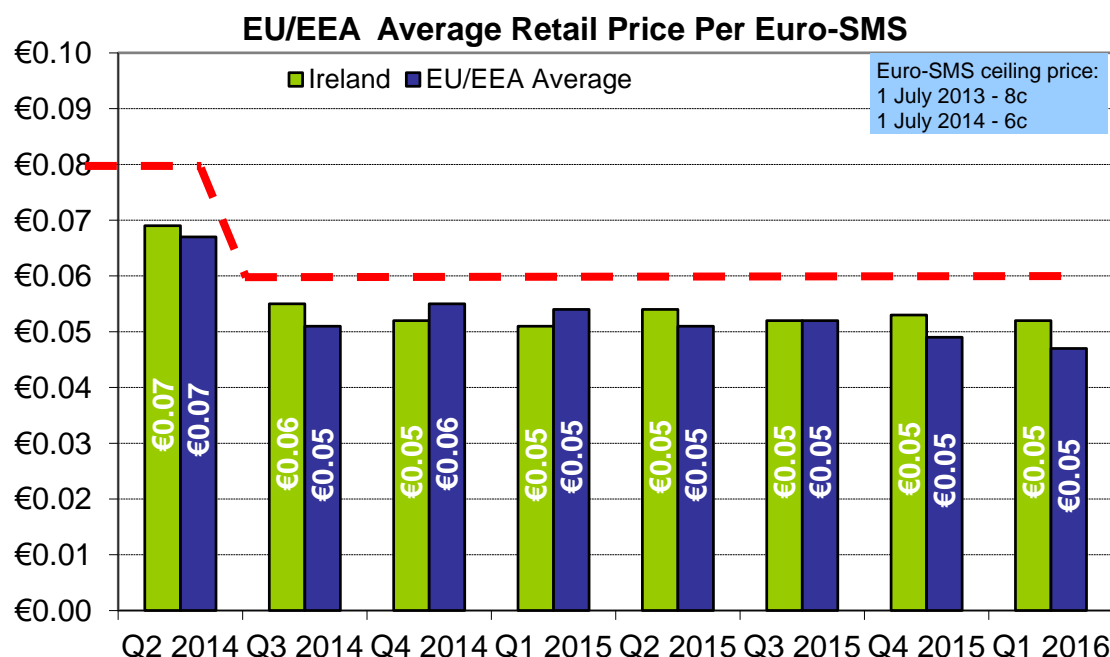
Ireland's average price for making calls outside the EU/EEA (ROW) was marginally more expensive than the EU/EEA average to ROW in Q4 2015 but was noticeably more expensive (+42%) in Q1 2016. ComReg notes that the difference between Ireland and EU average prices in Q1 2016 is principally due to the decrease in EU average price as a result of Switzerland not being included for Q1 2016 in the EU average.

Figure 4



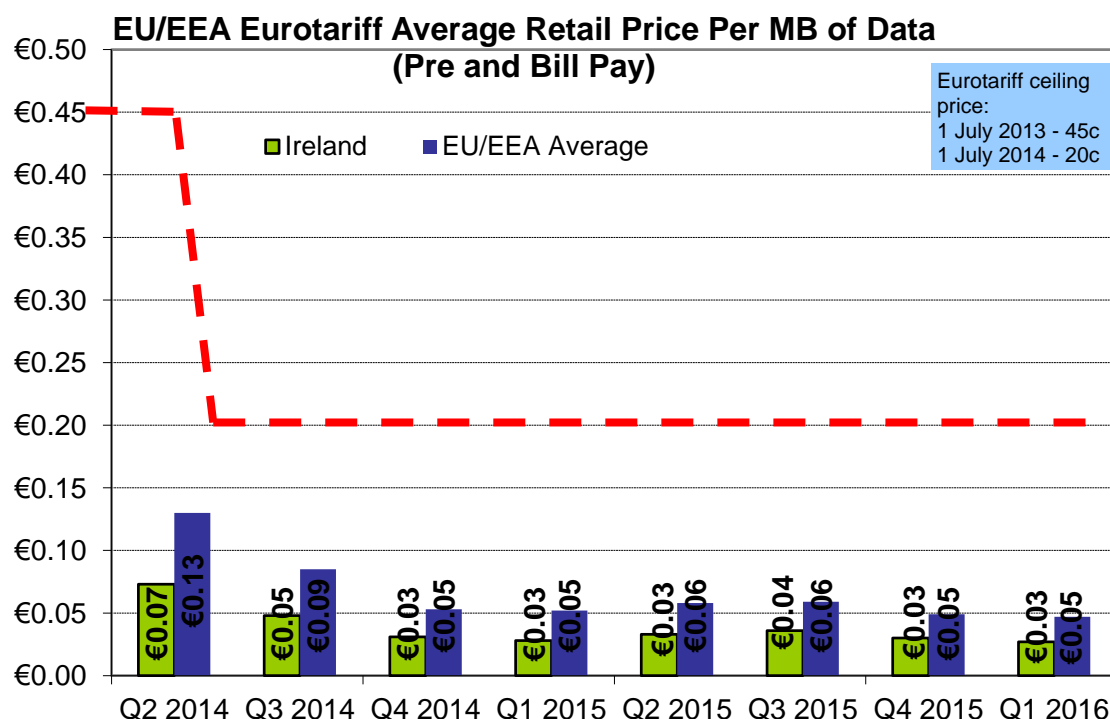
Ireland's average price for receiving a call from outside of the EU/EEA has continued to decrease from a peak in Q4 2014 but is above the EU/EEA average for all reported periods except Q4 2015. However, Q1 2016 prices in Ireland increased again and were 36% more expensive than the EU/EEA average. ComReg notes that the difference between Ireland and EU average prices in Q1 2016 is principally due to the decrease in EU average prices as a result of Switzerland not being included for Q1 2016 in the EU average.

Figure 5



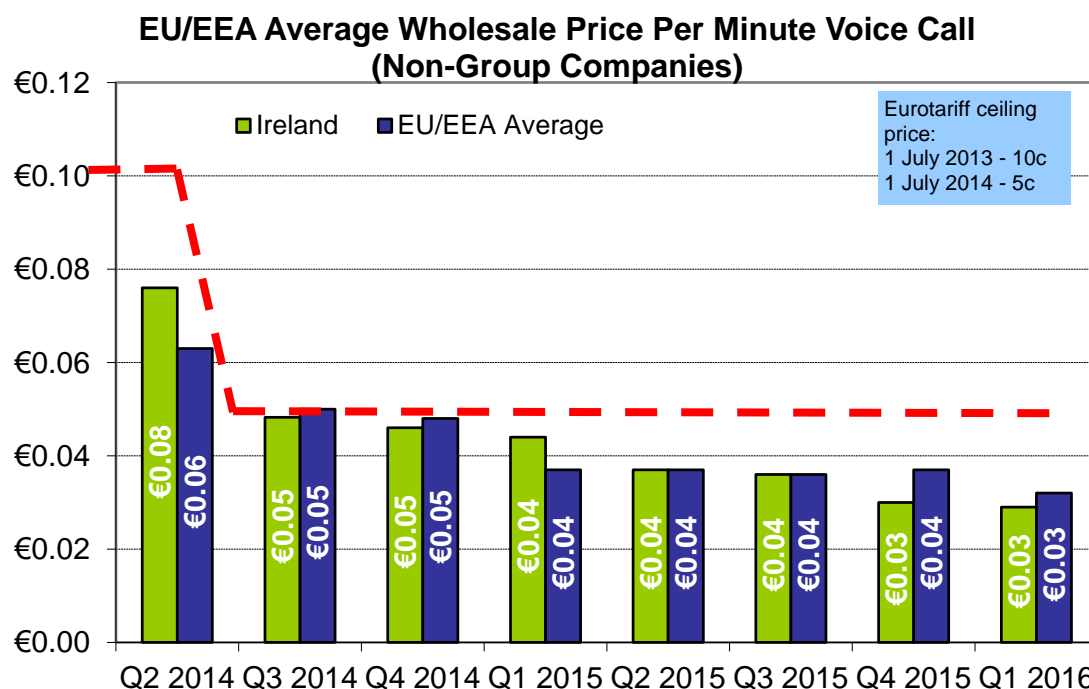
Ireland's average price for sending a Eurotariff text message has remained below the regulated cap of 6 cents and was slightly above the EU/EEA average for the period of this report.

Figure 6



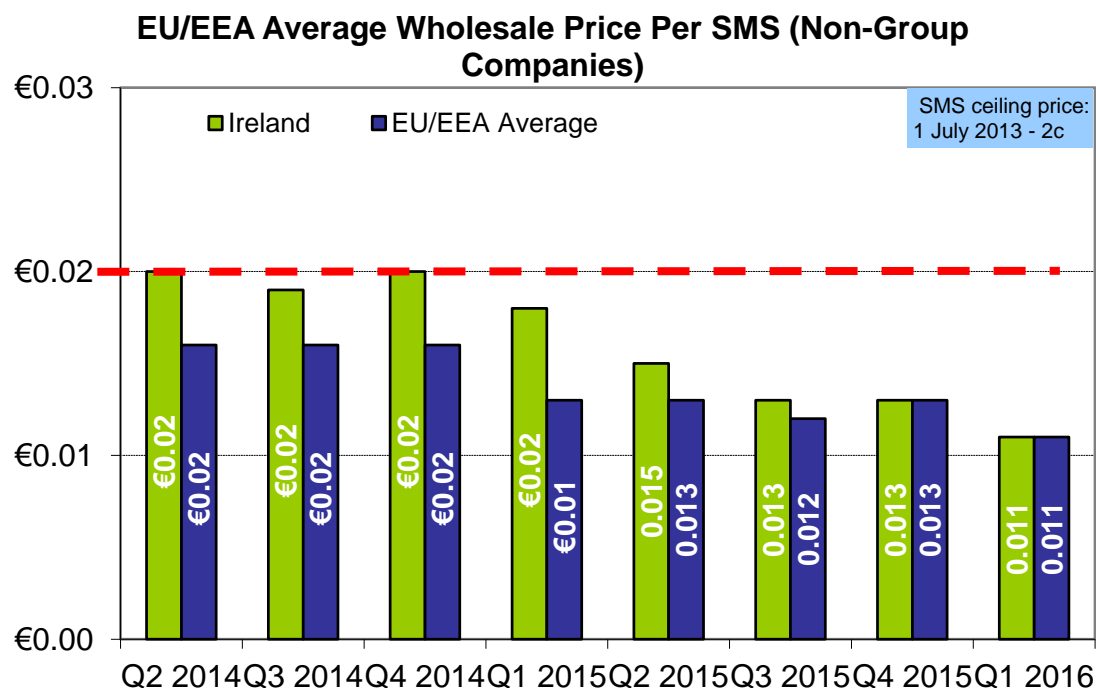
Following the introduction of a regulated price cap in July 2012 and the subsequent reductions of the cap in July 2013 and in July 2014, the average retail price per MB of data has declined significantly in both Ireland and the EU/EEA. Ireland's price of €0.03 cents for Q4 2015 and Q1 2016 is below the EU/EEA average and the regulated cap of 20 cents.

Figure 7



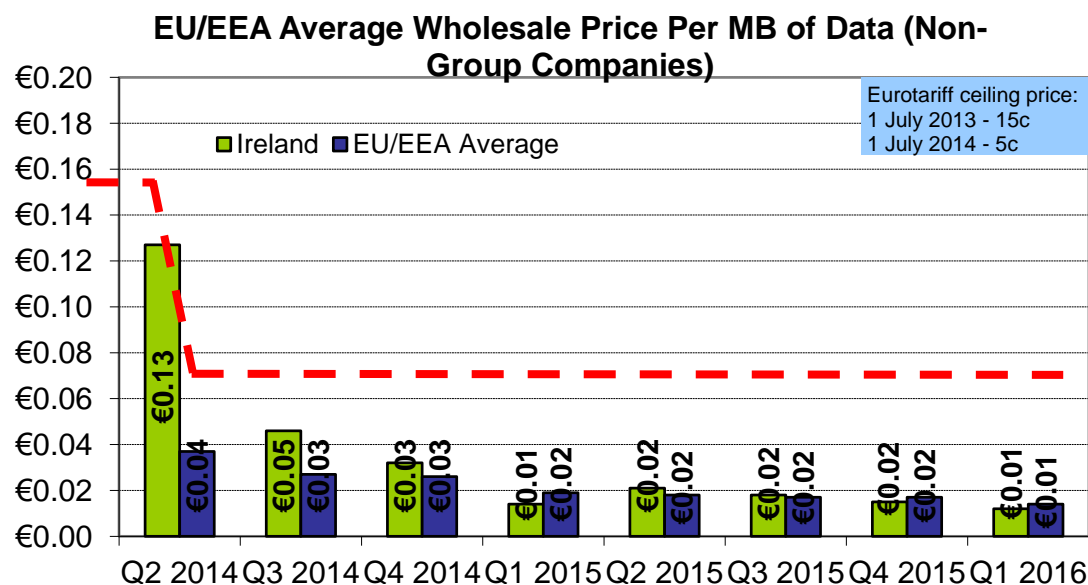
Ireland's average wholesale price per call made, has decreased in Q4 2015 and was on a par with the EU/EEA average in Q1 2016.

Figure 8



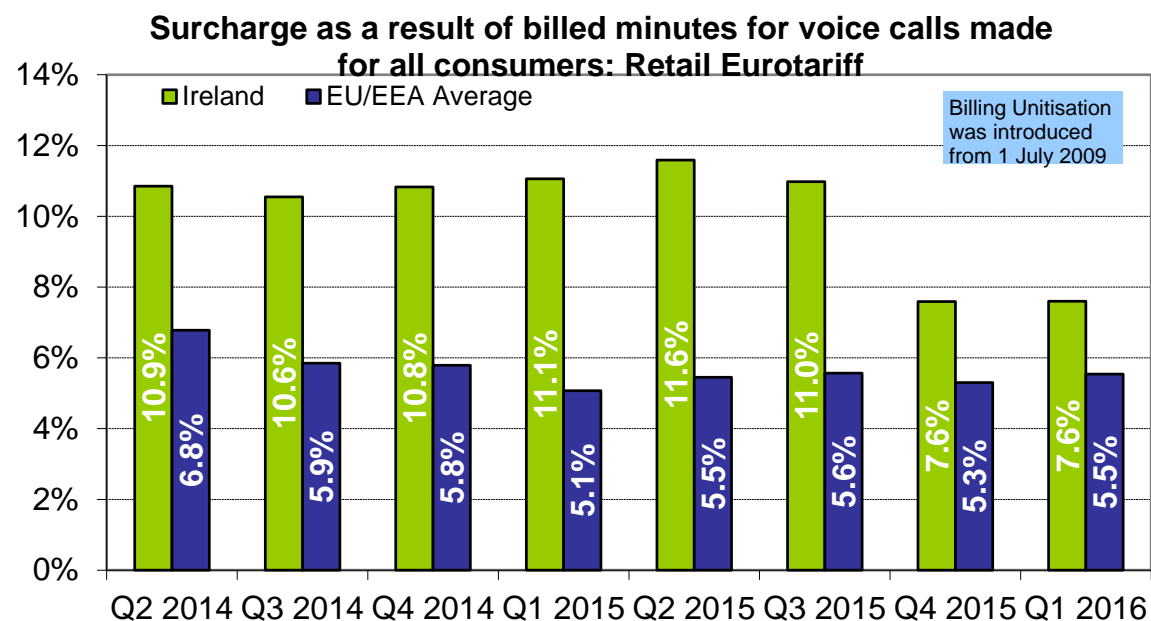
Ireland's wholesale price per SMS has largely remained at the same level over all of the reported periods until it decreased in Q3 2015. However, it was on a par with the EU/EEA average for Q4 2015 and Q1 2016. A regulated cap of 4 cents was introduced as of the 1st of July 2009 and was lowered to 2 cents in July 2013.

Figure 9



Following the introduction of a regulated price cap in July 2009, the average price per MB of data among Irish mobile operators has declined significantly. Ireland's average price per MB of data was on par with the EU/EEA average as of Q1 2016.

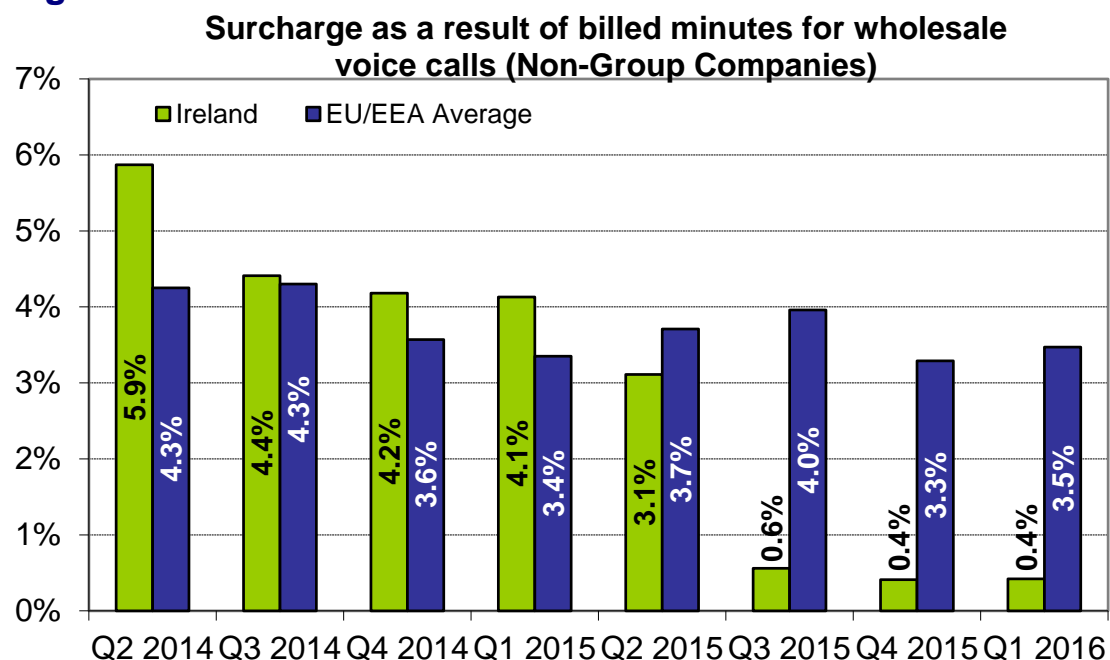
Figure 10⁹



This chart shows the retail price percentage deviation arising from operator billing on a per minute basis as opposed to the price which would be incurred if billed on a per second basis (actual usage). The Irish percentage deviation for calls made decreased significantly for Q4 2015 and Q1 2016 but it remains above the EU/EEA average. This is a reflection of the billing practice provided for by the Regulation for calls made, as Irish operator data suggests a substantial proportion of Eurotariff calls made are under the 30 seconds initial call charge. Per second billing applies thereafter.

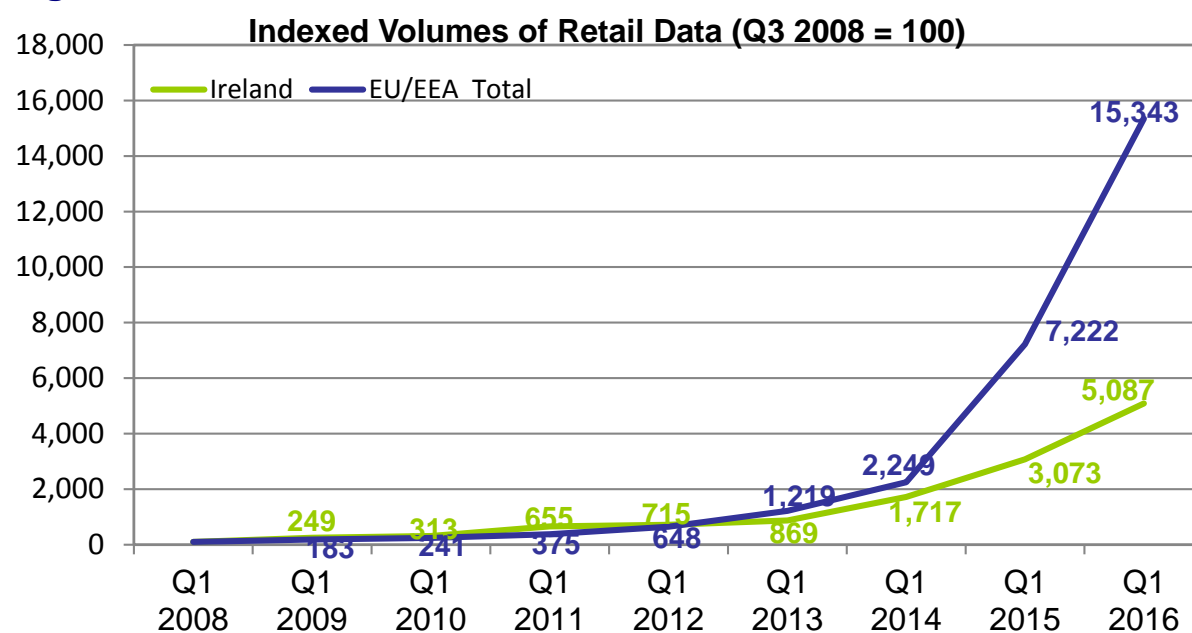
⁹ Regulation (EU) 2015/2120 was published in the OJEU on 26 November 2015 amending Roaming Regulation (EU) 531/2012 to effect the abolition of retail roaming surcharges from June 2017 subject to certain criteria being adopted in the interim.

Figure 11¹⁰



This chart is similar to figure 10 but reflects pricing disparities at a wholesale level. For Ireland, the surcharge has decreased dramatically and is significantly below the EU/EEA average from Q3 2015 and for the periods of this report.

Figure 12



The volume of retail data on Irish mobile networks has been growing strongly over the reported periods. Retail data volumes increased by 66% in Ireland comparing Q1 2015 to Q1 2016.

¹⁰ Regulation (EU) 2015/2120 was published in the OJEU on 26 November 2015 amending Roaming Regulation (EU) 531/2012 to effect the abolition of retail roaming surcharges from June 2017 subject to certain criteria being adopted in the interim.

4. EU Regulatory Requirements

Requirements 2007-2012

Note: All prices are quoted excluding VAT

| Requirements by all mobile operators | 30 Aug 2007 | 30 Aug 2008 | 1 July 2009 | 1 July 2010 | 1 July 2011 |
|---|---|-------------|--|-------------|-------------|
| "Eurotariff" retail limit for voice calls made | 0.49 | 0.46 | 0.43 | 0.39 | 0.35 |
| | | | | | |
| "Eurotariff" retail limit for voice calls received | 0.24 | 0.22 | 0.19 | 0.15 | 0.11 |
| | | | | | |
| Wholesale limit for voice calls made | 0.30 | 0.28 | 0.26 | 0.22 | 0.18 |
| Pricing transparency | Mobile operators to send a free SMS to their consumers with pricing details for making and receiving a call when roaming in the EU. | | From 1 July 2009 the free pricing transparency SMS will include pricing details for SMS, MMS and Data. The SMS will also include information on how to receive more detailed pricing information and information on the European emergency number 112. | | |
| "Eurotariff" SMS retail price limit | N/A | N/A | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.11 |
| "Eurotariff" SMS wholesale price limit | N/A | N/A | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 |

| Requirements by all mobile operators | 30 Aug 2007 | 30 Aug 2008 | 1 July 2009 | 1 July 2010 | 1 July 2011 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|---|---|
| Wholesale data price limit (per megabyte) | N/A | N/A | €1.00 | 0.80 | 0.50 |
| Data bill shock measures | N/A | N/A | N/A | <p>1 March 2010 Ability for consumers to opt in to €50.00 (ex VAT) data roaming limit.</p> | <p>From 1 July 2010 Automatic opt in for all consumers to €50.00 (ex VAT) data roaming limit. Consumers can choose an alternative limit or no limit.</p> |
| | | | | <p>Consumers will receive a warning message when they are near to reaching their roaming limit set for their account. Customers cannot use any more data when their limit has been reached unless they give their consent to continue data roaming.</p> | |
| Voicemail | N/A | N/A | N/A | No charge to consumer to receive a voicemail message. | |

Requirements 2012-2014

Main Provisions of Roaming Regulation III

Voice Calls

Wholesale price caps

The glide path will end in 2014 and the cost will remain at 0.05 cent until 30 June 2022.

| Wholesale voice caps (cent per min excluding VAT) | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 20/8/07 | 30/8/09 | 1/7/09 | 1/7/10 | 1/7/11 | 1/7/12 | 1/7/13 | 1/7/14 |
| 30c | 28c | 26c | 22c | 18c | 14c | 10c | 5c |

Retail price caps

Per second billing applies; operators may charge a 30 second minimum set-up-fee. The glide path will end in 2014 and the cost will remain at 0.19 cent and 0.05 cent until 30 June 2017.

| Retail voice caps (cent per min excluding VAT) | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 20/8/07 | 30/8/08 | 1/7/09 | 1/7/10 | 1/7/11 | 1/7/12 | 1/7/13 | 1/7/14 |
| Calls made | 49c | 46c | 43c | 39c | 35c | 29c | 24c | 19c |
| Calls received | 24c | 22c | 19c | 15c | 11c | 8c | 7c | 5c |

SMS

Wholesale price caps

The glide path will end in 2013 and the cost will remain at 0.02 cent until 30 June 2022.

| Wholesale SMS caps (Cent per min excluding VAT) | | | | |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1/7/09 | 1/7/10 | 1/7/11 | 1/7/12 | 1/7/13 |
| 4c | 4c | 4c | 3c | 2c |

Retail price caps

The glide path will end in 2014 and the cost will remain at 0.06 cent until 30 June 2017.

| Retail SMS caps (cent per SMS excluding VAT) | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1/7/09 | 1/7/10 | 1/7/11 | 1/7/12 | 1/7/13 | 1/7/14 |
| 11c | 11c | 11c | 9c | 8c | 6c |

Data

Wholesale price caps

The glide path will end in 2014 and the cost will remain at 0.05 cent until 30 June 2022.

| Wholesale data caps (cent per MB excluding VAT) | | | | | |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1/7/09 | 1/7/10 | 1/7/11 | 1/7/12 | 1/7/13 | 1/7/14 |
| €1.00 | 80c | 50c | 25c | 15c | 5c |

Retail price caps

The glide path will end in 2014 and the cost will remain at 0.20 cent until 30 June 2017.

| Retail data caps (cent per MB excluding VAT) | | |
|--|--------|--------|
| 1/7/12 | 1/7/13 | 1/7/14 |
| 70c | 45c | 20c |

More transparency of roaming charges for consumers

- Consumers to receive an SMS, pop-up window, etc when they are crossing borders within the EU and outside the EU to inform them of the price they are expected to pay for making and receiving calls, for sending an SMS and for using mobile internet. Blind consumers to automatically receive the transparency message by voice call, free of charge, if requested. In addition a freephone number for additional information when roaming must be provided and the 112 emergency access number must also be provided in the EU message.

Measures to counter data roaming bill shocks

- As of 1 July 2012, travellers' data-roaming limit will be automatically set at €50.00 (excluding VAT) when they travel outside the EU (unless they have chosen another limit – higher or lower or opted out of the limit). The data roaming limit within the EU has been in place since 1 July 2009. Roaming providers shall send a notification to the roaming customer's mobile device when the data-roaming limit has been reached. The notification shall provide information with respect to the procedure to be followed should the customer wish to continue data roaming and the costs associated with each additional unit to be consumed.

Other measures

- Roaming providers to make information available on how to avoid inadvertent roaming. Reasonable steps to be taken by operators to protect their consumers from paying roaming charges while situated in their member state.
- Roaming providers shall inform their customers, of the risk of automatic and uncontrolled data roaming connection and download. Roaming providers to provide information to their customers on how to switch off these automatic data roaming connections in order to avoid uncontrolled consumption of data roaming services.

Structural Measures

- Structural measures will be implemented to allow consumers to contract for roaming services with an alternative provider from 1 July 2014.

5. Legal Basis

15. Regulation (EU) No 531/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 June 2012 repealed Regulation (EC) No. 717/2007 (as amended by Regulation (EC) No. 544/2009) with effect from 1 July 2012.
16. Regulation (EC) No. 717/2007 as amended by Regulation (EC) No. 544/2009 is an EC Regulation. Accordingly, its requirements are directly applicable in all Member States. In Ireland, ComReg is designated as the national supervisory and enforcement body for the purposes of Regulation (EC) No. 717/2007 (as amended).
17. The Communications (Mobile Telephone Roaming) Regulations 2013, S.I. No. 228 of 2013, designated the Commission for Communications Regulation (“ComReg”) as the national regulatory authority to carry out the functions referred to in Article 16 of the Mobile Phone Roaming Regulation (Regulation (EU) No 531/2012).
18. Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 717/2007 requires NRAs to monitor developments in charges and to report to the European Commission every six months. Article 7(2) requires NRAs to make up-to-date information on the application of Regulation (EC) No 717/2007 publicly available. This Information Notice is published for this purpose.