

Broadband Fixed Wireless Access in Ireland

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Outline of Presentation

- Overview of Irish Telecom Markets
- Key Spectrum Management Objectives
- Experiences with FWA in Ireland
- New initiatives
- Some comparisons with other countries
- The challenges ahead



Telecommunications Sector in Ireland

- Telecoms development goes hand in hand with economic growth
- **€3.37 billion** revenue p.a. (increase of **8%** since June 2001)
- Sector overall accounts for circa **2.9% GDP**
- New entrants share of fixed line market is **21%**
- Irish mobile penetration rate is now **76%**
- Number of employees in the sector is **16,000**

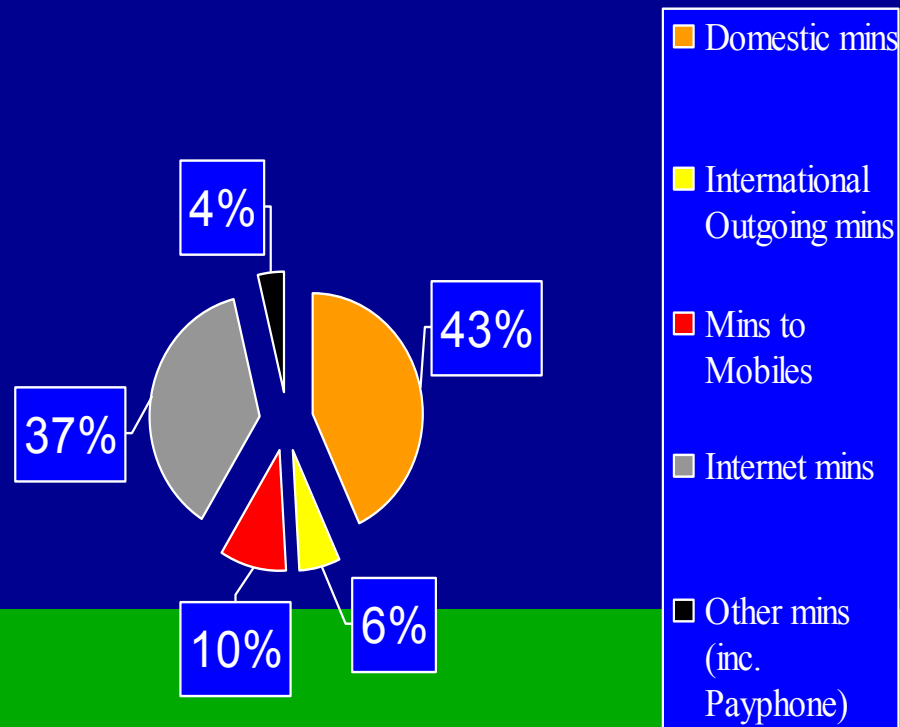


CURRENT MARKET SITUATION

- Fixed Line -

- Total fixed line revenue accounts for approx **62%** of total telecoms revenue
- **28%** increase in ISDN channels in past 12 months
- **22,000** retail Leased Line Circuits
- Approx **148,000** CPS subscribers
- **Limited** cable modem and **Fixed Wireless** activity
- Internet minutes account for **37%** of fixed retail traffic

Fixed Telephony Retail Traffic - Q2 2002

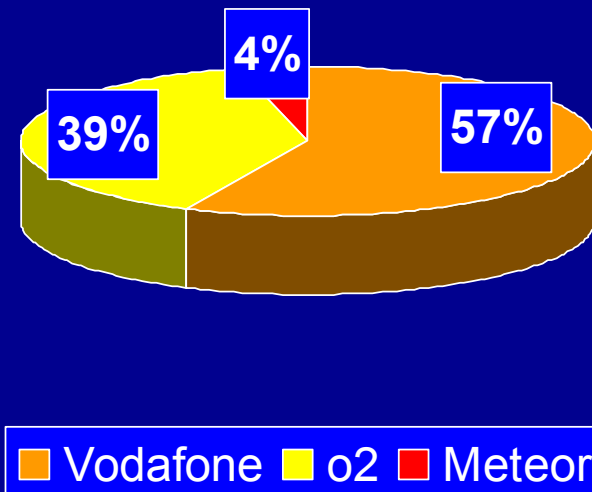


CURRENT MARKET SITUATION

- Mobile -

- Penetration - **76%**
(Operator Returns)
- Penetration - **80%**
(Baskerville July '02)
- **2.97** million subscribers
- **63** SMS sent per
subscriber per month
- ARPU **\$39** (€40) per
month

Irish Mobile Operators
Market Share



CURRENT MARKET SITUATION

- Internet -

- Penetration rate - **34%**
- Active Internet Universe **15%**
- **3.5** Hours online per month
- **88%** of SME's connected to the Internet
- **1,200** DSL subscribers (approx 0.03% of population)



Key Spectrum Management Objectives

- **Consult** widely on radio spectrum policies and plans
- **Facilitate** use of **wireless systems** to reduce telecoms infrastructure deficit
- **Optimise** use of the spectrum resource, being aware of technical and economic viability
- **Ensure flexibility** and **ease of access** to radio spectrum in response to technological advances and market needs to leverage Ireland's competitive advantage



Key Spectrum Management Objectives

Facilitate a competitive, leading edge telecommunications sector that delivers best in terms of **price**, **choice** and **quality** to the user by:

Promoting and Supporting

- development of radiocommunications to attract business investment and ensure ongoing social and economic growth
- Innovation & R&D in new radiocommunication techniques, services and applications



FWA in Ireland – A Summary

- 6 National licences issued in 2000
 - Narrowband (2GHz, 3.5 GHz) & Broadband (26 GHz)
- 2001: One Licensee into liquidation
- ODTR conducts FWA Review (2002)
- ODTR New Initiatives (2002)



Current National FWA Licences

Broadband Licensees (26GHz)

Chorus Communications Ltd
Eircom plc
Esat BT

Narrowband Licensees

Chorus Communications Ltd (3.5 &
2 GHz)
Eircom plc (3.5 GHz)

- Deployment (Nationwide)
 - 26GHz : Approx. 42 Base Stations (\approx 80 customers)
 - 2 & 3.5GHz : Approx. 91 Base Stations (\approx 4,500 customers)



ODTR Review of European FWA Market - 2002

Conclusions:

- Slow development in European markets
- High monthly tariffs for end-user compared with DSL
- Equipment prices (generally high - **economies of scale not realised**)
 - Improved equipment options at 10.5GHz
 - 2.45 GHz band equipment widely available and cost effective
- Licence fees reduced in some countries
- 2.45 GHz power limit maintained at 100mW EIRP after study



New Initiatives

- Public access service provision permitted in licence exempt 2.45 GHz & 5 GHz bands (Telecoms licence required)
- Licensing local FWA in the 10.5GHz band
- Increase EIRP limit in 5.8 GHz band to facilitate FWA services following sharing studies with satellite services
- Review of 26GHz spectrum – rationalised to provide expansion spectrum for FWA or other P-MP, MP-MP applications
- Review of licensing fees
- Future spectrum allocations will be subject to spectrum availability/demand on a local basis

Licence Exempt Initiatives

<i>Frequency (MHz)</i>	<i>Max. Power (EIRP)</i>	<i>Typical Deployment</i>
2400 – 2483.5	100mW	WLAN, P-P links, P-MP Access, Public Hot-Spots
5150 – 5250	60mW	INDOOR use only WLAN, Public Hot-Spots
5150 – 5350	120mW	INDOOR use only WLAN, Public Hot-Spots
5725 – 5875	2W	Registration of Stations Required P-MP Access, Mesh networks, P-P links



Licence Exempt Initiatives

- Currently in excess of 400 Access Points in Dublin in 2.4 GHz band in addition to campus links etc.
- 4 Telecommunications licences issued for public service provision utilising licence exempt radio access
- Government funding for WLAN Pilot schemes (www.marine.gov.ie)
- User demand for 5 GHz WLANs (e.g. IEEE 802.11a)
- 5.8GHz deployments expected from Oct. 2002
- Licensing regime developing to meet evolving technologies (e.g. Mesh networks)
- Regulatory requirements in Doc ODTR 02/71 on Short Range Devices



Comparisons with some other countries

- **France:** no FWA operator has fulfilled coverage commitments according to ART. 30 regional licences returned
- **Germany:** Only **2** active operators from *original 20* licensees
- **UK:** majority of broadband licences still not let and most operators still not active
- **USA:** LMDS (equivalent to 26 GHz FWA) has not taken off, but sizeable growth in low cost, localised services using licence exempt spectrum




The Challenge

The Requirement: rapid, cost-effective roll out of broadband services where existing infrastructure not available or suitable - only wireless can meet this need

Solutions?

- Offer more flexible approach to wireless network rollout - large national networks have not succeeded but targeted local services can provide service where no alternative exists and competition where they do exist.
- Local licensing approach provides this flexibility
- Licence exempt option provides rapid, low cost solution where service quality not critical.

Going Forward

- Continuing liberalisation
- Trend: Narrowband  Broadband
 - PSTN: 56, 128 kbit/s :500 kbit/s: 2 Mbit/s and beyond
- Further facilitation & development of competition - leased lines, ULL, Satellite, Wireless
- Ongoing need to upgrade networks
- Implementation of the new EU Directives



Price / Choice / Quality for users.

Thank You

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